



Vermont Economic Update

November 20, 2015

Summary

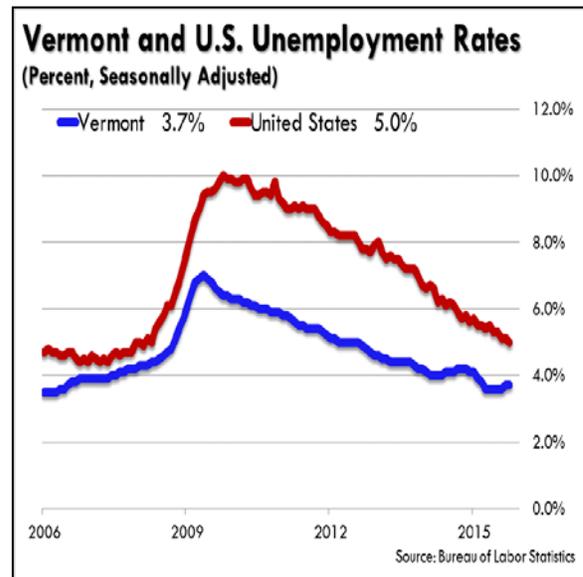
Nonfarm payroll employment in Vermont increased by 1,100 jobs and the unemployment rate was unchanged at 3.7 percent in October according to data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

Vermont Unemployment Rate

During October, the unemployment rate in Vermont was unchanged at 3.7 percent. The number of people counted as unemployed rose by 16 in October to 12,758, while the labor force fell by 2,028 to 345,198. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 7 posted lower unemployment rates for the month than Vermont. A year earlier, the unemployment rate in Vermont stood at 4.2 percent.

The 10 year peak for the unemployment rate in Vermont was 7.0 percent in May 2009. The series high for the unemployment rate in Vermont occurred in February 1976 when the unemployment rate reached 8.8 percent. The 10 year low for the unemployment rate in Vermont was 3.5 percent in April 2006. The series low for the unemployment rate in Vermont occurred in March 2000 when the unemployment rate reached 2.6 percent. BLS began publishing the state unemployment rate series in 1976.

The national unemployment rate declined by 0.1 percentage point to 5.0 percent in October. October's unemployment rate was 0.7 percentage point lower than a year earlier. The ten year high for the national unemployment rate was 10.0 percent in October 2009. The ten year low was 4.4 percent in May 2007.



Vermont Payroll Employment

Vermont nonfarm payrolls increased by 1,100 jobs, or 0.35 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during October. In the prior month, nonfarm payrolls declined by 2,000. Over the past 12 months nonfarm payrolls in Vermont increased by 2,600, or 0.84 percent. Vermont nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 6 of the past 12 months.

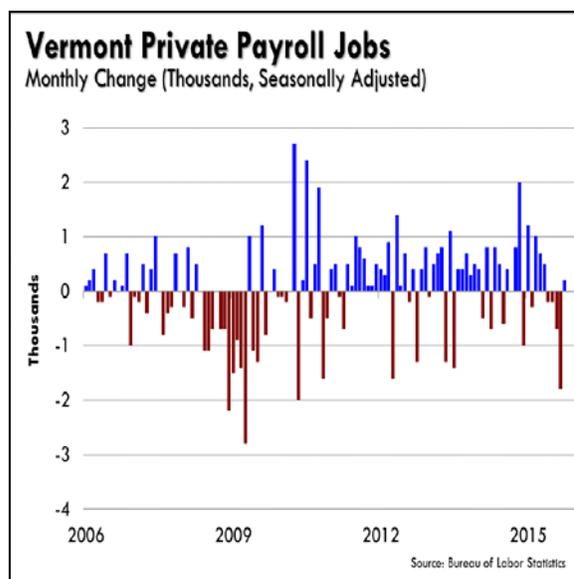
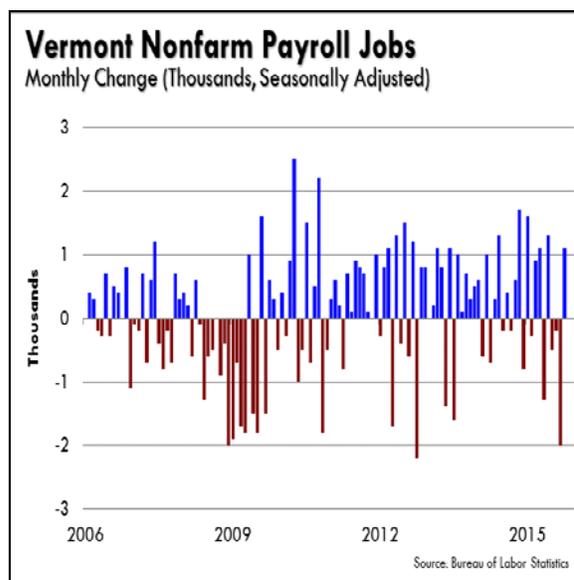
Nationally nonfarm payrolls increased by 271,000 jobs in October, or 0.19 percent. Over the 12 month period ending in October 2015 nonfarm payrolls grew by 2,814,000 jobs, or 2.01 percent. Vermont ranks 41st among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During October, Vermont private sector payrolls increased by 200, or 0.08 percent. Private sector payrolls declined by 1,800 jobs in the prior month. Over the past 12 months, private sector payrolls in Vermont increased by 1,400, or 0.55 percent. Vermont private sector payroll employment has increased in 6 of the past 12 months.

Nationally private-sector payroll jobs increased by 268,000 jobs in 2.01, or 0.22 percent. Over the past 12 months, the nation's economy has added 2,709,000 jobs in the private sector, an increase of 2.30 percent.

Vermont ranks 45th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.

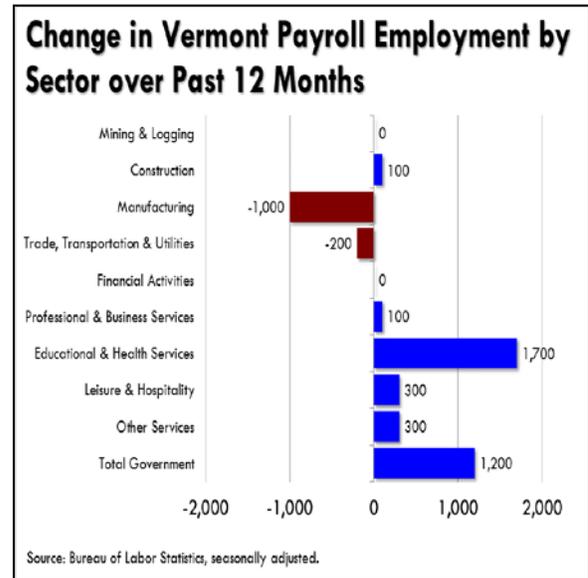
During October, total government payroll employment in Vermont increased by 900, or 1.60 percent. Federal government payroll employment was unchanged. State government payroll employment increased by 800, or 4.15 percent, while local government payroll employment increased by 100, or 0.33 percent.



Over the past year, total government payroll employment increased by 1,200, or 2.14 percent. State government payroll employment increased by 900, or 4.69 percent. Local government payroll employment increased by 200, or 0.66 percent.

The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during October were Total Government (+900) and Financial Activities (+300). The poorest performing sectors during the month were Leisure & Hospitality (-700) and Manufacturing (-100).

The best performing sectors during the last twelve months were Educational & Health Services (+1,700) and Total Government (+1,200). The poorest performing sectors for the year were Manufacturing (-1,000) and Trade, Transportation & Utilities (-200).



Other Vermont Labor Force Statistics

The labor force participation rate in Vermont declined to 66.9 percent in October from 67.3 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 12 have a higher labor force participation rate than Vermont. The labor force participation rate in Vermont is unchanged from a year earlier. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

The 10 year high for the labor force participation rate in Vermont was 71.5 percent in October 2006. The series high for the labor force participation rate in Vermont occurred in September 1999 when the labor force participation rate hit 72.6 percent. The 10 year low for the labor force participation rate was 66.9 percent in October 2015. The series low for the labor force participation rate occurred in February 1976 when the labor force participation rate hit 62.6 percent.



The national labor force participation rate was unchanged at 62.4 percent in October. That rate was 0.4 percentage point lower than a year earlier. At 62.4 percent, the labor force participation rate is at its lowest level since September 1977.

The employment-to-population ratio, or the percentage of the Vermont civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years and older counted as employed, declined to 64.4 percent in October from 64.8 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 11 have higher employment-to-population ratios than Vermont. The employment-to-population ratio in Vermont is 0.5 percentage point lower than a year earlier.

The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio in Vermont was 69.1 percent in March 2006. The series high for the employment-to-population ratio in Vermont occurred in August 1999 when the

employment-to-population ratio hit 70.5 percent. The 10 year low for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.4 percent in October 2015. The series low for the employment-to-population ratio occurred in April 1976 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 57.2 percent.

The national employment-to-population ratio rose by 0.1 percentage point to 59.3 percent in October. That rate was 0.1 percentage point higher than a year earlier, but still 0.1 percentage point lower than it was when the recession ended in June 2009. The all-time high for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.7 percent in April 2000. The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.4 percent in December 2006. The recent low occurred in October 2013 when the employment-to-population ratio dipped to 58.2 percent. The last time the employment-to-population posted a reading lower than 58.2 percent was July 1983.

State employment and unemployment data for November is scheduled for release on Friday, December 18. The national employment situation report for November will be released on Friday, December 4.

