

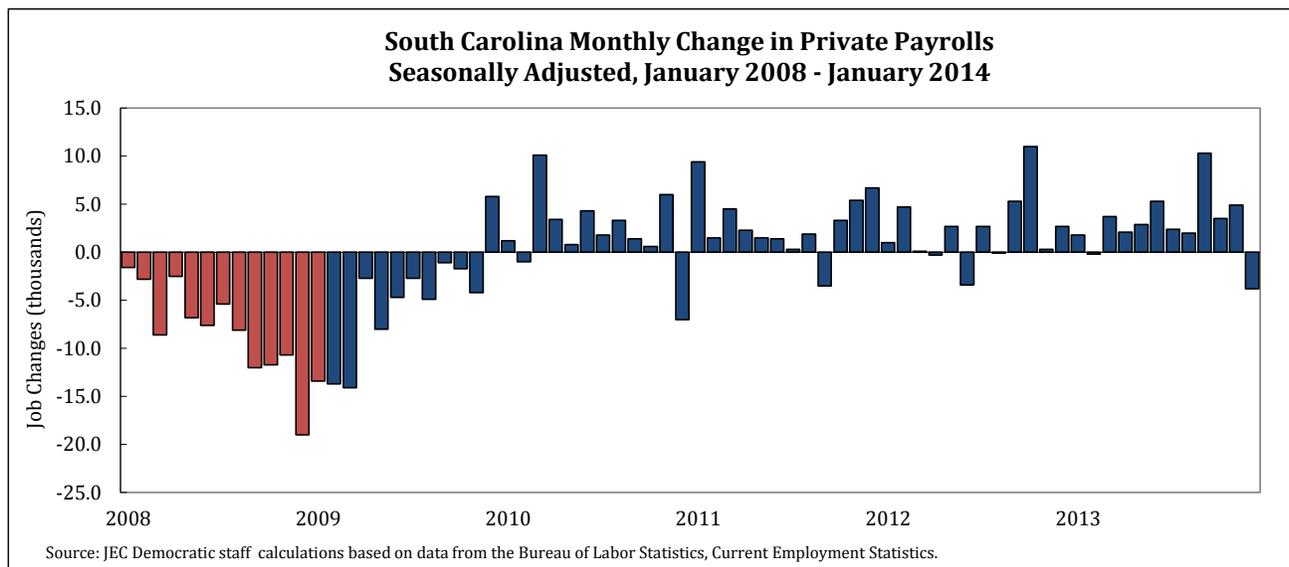


ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: SOUTH CAROLINA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through January 2014

JOBS

- In January, private-sector employment in South Carolina fell by 3,800 jobs. Over the past year, the South Carolina private sector has added 34,900 jobs. This compares with an increase of 26,700 jobs over the 12 months ending in January 2013.
- South Carolina private-sector employers have added 120,000 jobs (an increase of 8.3 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In South Carolina, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (35,900 jobs), leisure and hospitality (23,300 jobs) and manufacturing (22,400 jobs).
- The South Carolina sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (17.3 percent), leisure and hospitality (11.3 percent) and manufacturing (10.9 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in South Carolina was 6.4 percent in January 2014, down 0.2 percentage point from December. The rate is down 1.8 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 11.9 percent in December 2009.
- 138,300 South Carolina residents were unemployed during January 2014, down from a recent high of 254,600 in December 2009. There are still 20,600 more people unemployed in South Carolina than when the recession began.
- In South Carolina, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 17,297 during January, down 16.9 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 10.2 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In South Carolina, exports totaled \$2.1 billion in January and \$26.3 billion over the past year, up 6.1 percent from the 12 months ending in January 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- South Carolina exports over the past 12 months are up 40.6 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

HOUSING

- Home prices in South Carolina increased by 0.9 percent from the fourth quarter of 2012 to the fourth quarter of 2013 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 1.8 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2011 but remain 10.8 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in South Carolina totaled 26,620 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in January 2014, an increase of 8.7 percent from December.
- Within the South census region, which includes South Carolina, sales of new single-family homes totaled 276,000 units in January 2014, an increase of 10.4 percent from December 2013. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased by 5.1 percent to 1,680,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from December 2013 to January 2014.

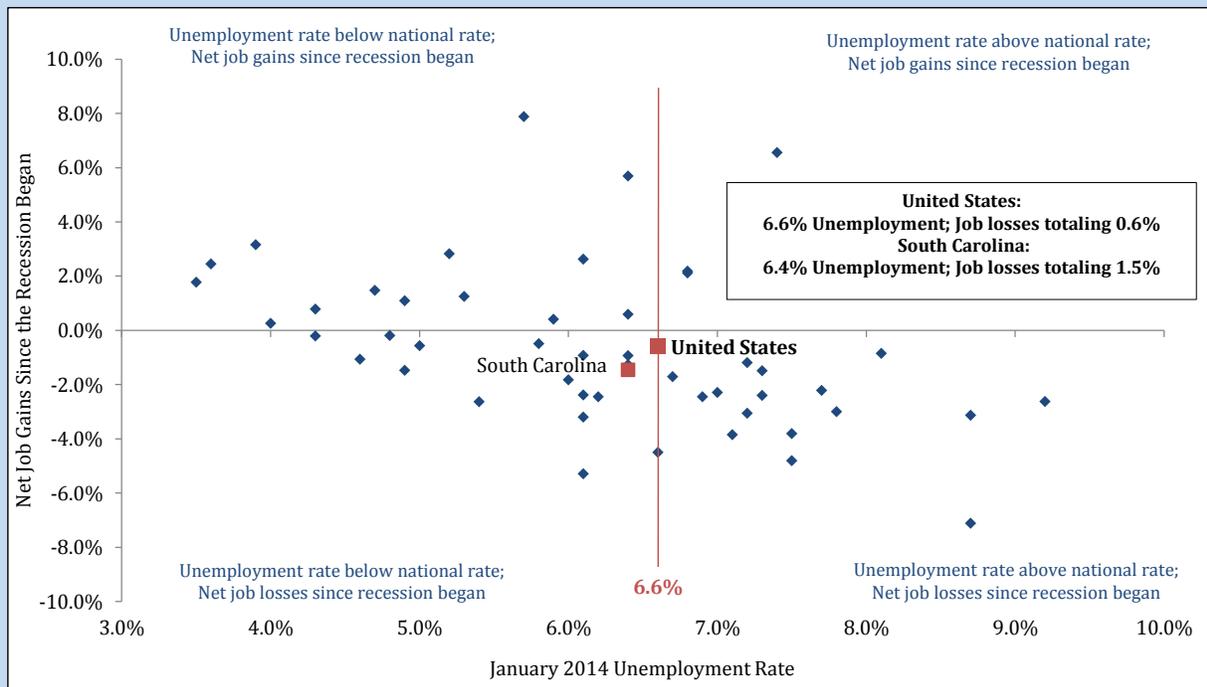
* For South Carolina-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the South Carolina office: <http://dew.sc.gov/about-lmi.asp>

How Does South Carolina Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of South Carolina to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in South Carolina, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.6% and net job gains totaling 24.7% since the start of the recession.

STATE QUICK FACTS

	South Carolina	United States
Unemployment Rates	January 2014	6.4%
	January 2013	8.2%
	January 2012	9.4%
	January 2011	10.5%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	9.8%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	4.1%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	10.9%	9.0%
Median Household Income	2012	\$ 44,401
	(2012 \$) 2007	\$ 48,961
Poverty Rate	2012	16.7%
	2007	14.1%
No Health Insurance	2012	14.3%
	2007	15.9%