

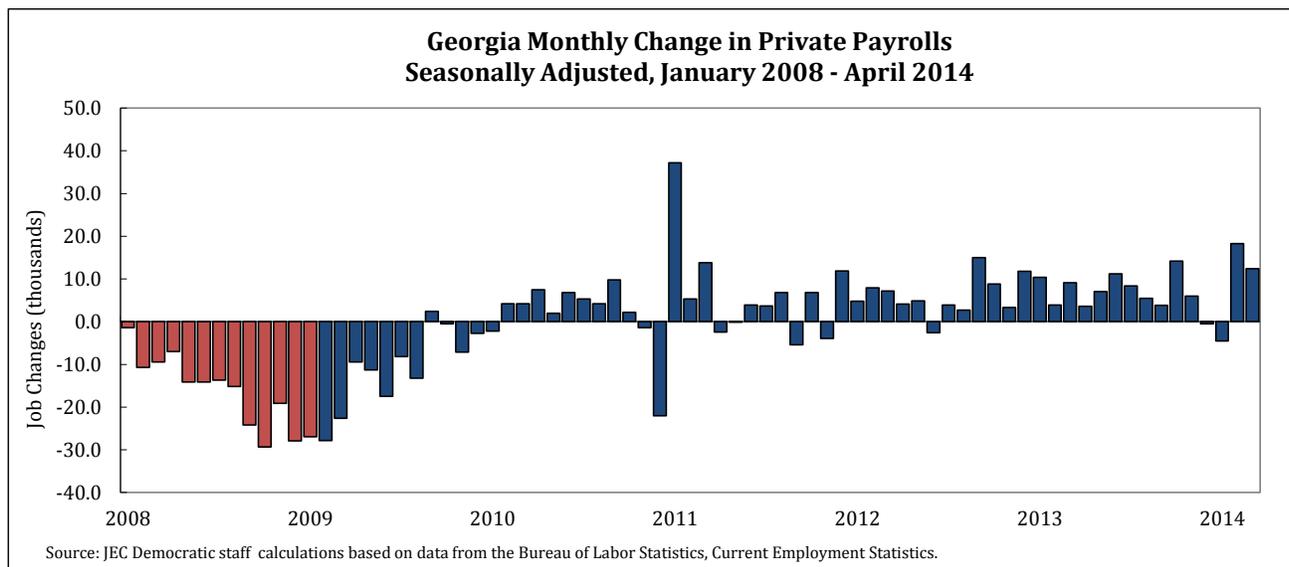


ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: GEORGIA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through April 2014

JOBS

- In April, private-sector employment in Georgia grew by 12,400 jobs. Over the past year, the Georgia private sector has added 85,400 jobs. This compares with an increase of 75,300 jobs over the 12 months ending in April 2013.
- Georgia private-sector employers have added 281,000 jobs (an increase of 9.0 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Georgia, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (86,100 jobs), leisure and hospitality (58,000 jobs) and trade, transportation and utilities (52,000 jobs).
- The Georgia sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (16.7 percent), leisure and hospitality (15.6 percent) and education and health services (9.8 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Georgia was 7.0 percent in April 2014, holding constant from March. The rate is down 1.3 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 10.4 percent in January 2010.
- 331,700 Georgia residents were unemployed during April 2014, down from a recent high of 489,800 in December 2009. There are still 83,100 more people unemployed in Georgia than when the recession began.
- In Georgia, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 37,476 during March, down 19.0 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 11.1 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In Georgia, exports totaled \$3.7 billion in March and \$38.8 billion over the past year, up 6.9 percent from the 12 months ending in March 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Georgia exports over the past 12 months are up 37.0 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

HOUSING

- Home prices in Georgia increased by 4.7 percent from the fourth quarter of 2012 to the fourth quarter of 2013 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 7.3 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2012 but remain 17.8 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Georgia totaled 46,620 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in March 2014, an increase of 24.5 percent from February.
- Within the South census region, which includes Georgia, sales of new single-family homes totaled 226,000 units in March 2014, a decrease of 14.4 percent from February. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased by 2.3 percent to 1,680,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from February to March 2014.

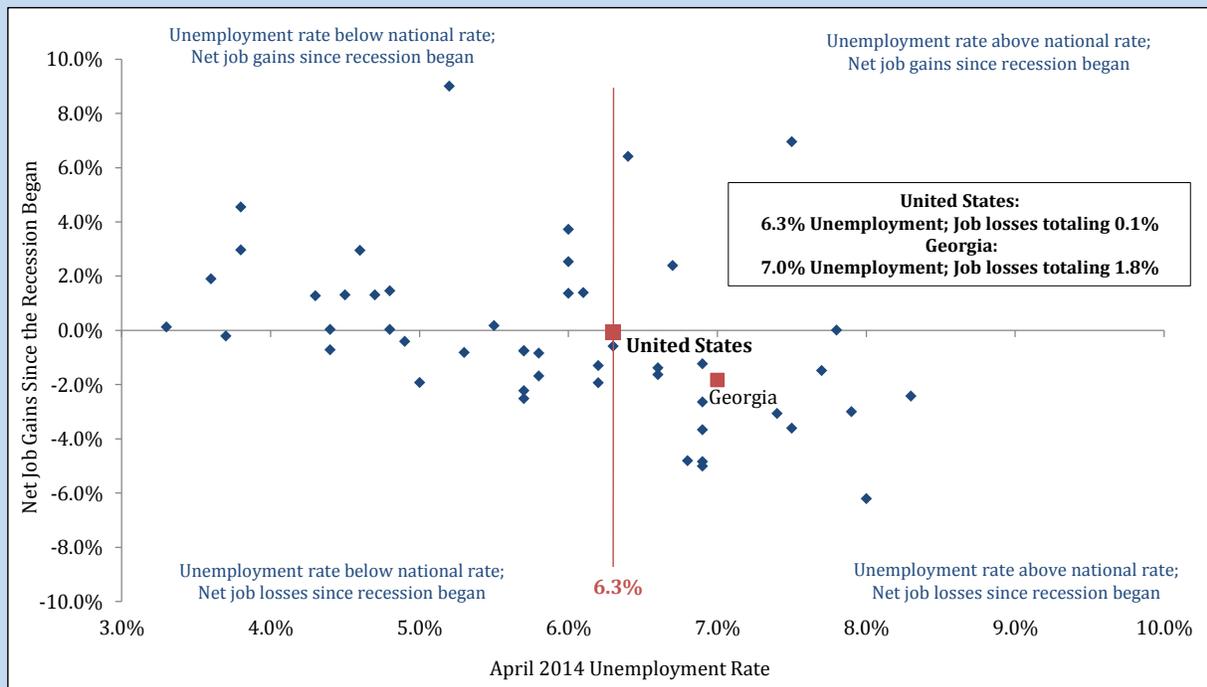
* For Georgia-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Georgia office: <http://explorer.dol.state.ga.us/>

How Does Georgia Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Georgia to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Georgia, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.6% and net job gains totaling 27.3% since the start of the recession.

STATE QUICK FACTS

		Georgia	United States
Unemployment Rates	April 2014	7.0%	6.3%
	April 2013	8.3%	7.5%
	April 2012	9.1%	8.2%
	April 2011	9.8%	9.1%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2013	10.0%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	7.1%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	7.6%	9.0%
Median Household Income	2012	\$ 48,121	\$ 51,017
	(2012 \$) 2007	\$ 53,865	\$ 55,627
Poverty Rate	2012	18.1%	15.0%
	2007	13.6%	12.5%
No Health Insurance	2012	19.2%	15.4%
	2007	17.2%	14.7%