



Economic Overview And Outlook: Pennsylvania

JOBS

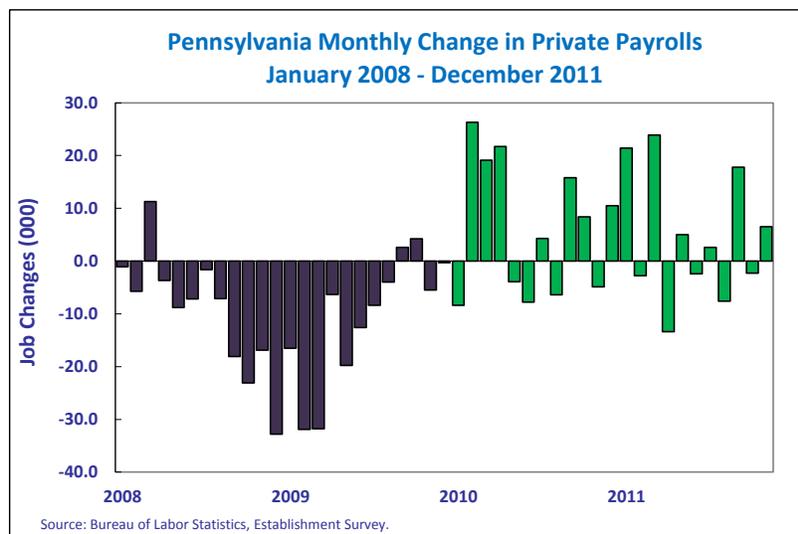
- Including December, the private sector has gained jobs nationwide for 22 consecutive months.
- In Pennsylvania, private sector employment fell by 5.2 percent from January 2008 to February 2010. Since February 2010, private sector employment has grown by 3.1 percent.
- In Pennsylvania, employees in the construction, manufacturing, and information services sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. Since the beginning of 2010, the following sectors in Pennsylvania have experienced the greatest employment increases: mining; leisure and hospitality; and education and health services.*
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, and health care and social assistance. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Pennsylvania was 7.6 percent in December 2011, up 3.1 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 8.8 percent in April 2010.
- 485,000 Pennsylvania residents were counted among the unemployed in Pennsylvania during December 2011.

EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 3rd quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 4.6 percent. Most recently, in the 3rd quarter of 2011, total personal income is 0.2 percent below its 4th quarter of 2007 level.
- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Pennsylvania was \$36,942.40 in the 3rd quarter of 2011, up from \$35,791.50 in the 3rd quarter of 2009.



HOUSING

- National home prices, including distressed sales, saw a decrease of 4.3 percent in November 2011 from November 2010 compared to a 3.7 percent decrease in October 2011. In Pennsylvania, home prices were unchanged in November 2011 from November 2010 following no change year over year in October.
- The median price of single-family homes in Pennsylvania was \$153,439 in the second quarter of 2010, compared to \$180,176 nationwide.
- As of the 3rd quarter of 2011, 3.4 percent of all mortgages, including 12.0 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Pennsylvania.
- Housing starts in Pennsylvania totaled 24,750 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in November 2011, an increase of 53.9 percent from October.
- Within the Northeast census region, which includes Pennsylvania, sales of new single-family homes totaled 14,000 units in November 2011, a decrease of 26.3 percent from October. Sales of existing single-family homes increased 10.6 percent to 520,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from November to December 2011.

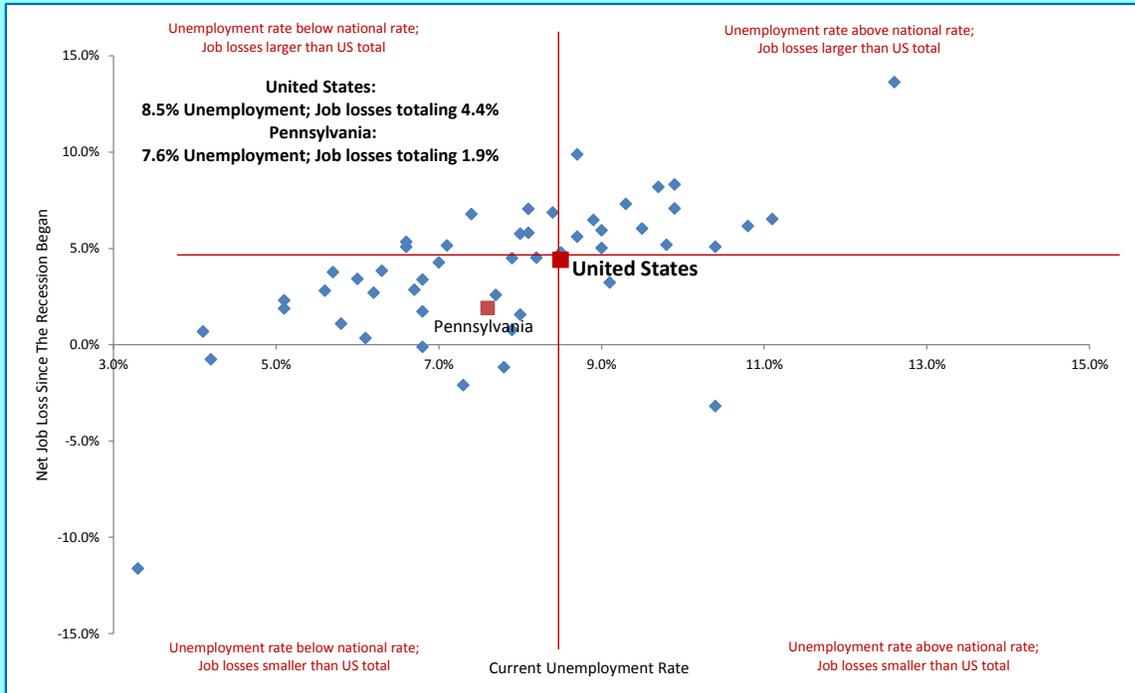
* For Pennsylvania-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Pennsylvania office: <http://www.paworkstats.state.pa.us/>

How Does Pennsylvania Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country were hard hit during the Great Recession. Although labor markets in many states still remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows you to compare Pennsylvania to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Pennsylvania since the start of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession took on the job supply in Pennsylvania.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates job losses (or even gains) lower than the national average.



STATE QUICK FACTS

		Pennsylvania	United States
Unemployment Rates	December 2008	6.5%	7.3%
	December 2009	8.7%	9.9%
	December 2010	8.5%	9.4%
	December 2011	7.6%	8.5%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2010	9.9%	9.3%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2010	6.9%	8.7%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2010	13.0%	11.5%
Median Household Income	2007	\$ 50,934	\$ 52,823
	(2010 \$)	2010	\$ 48,460
Poverty Rate	2007	10.4%	12.5%
	2010	12.2%	15.1%
No Health Insurance	2007	9.5%	15.3%
	2010	11.0%	16.3%