

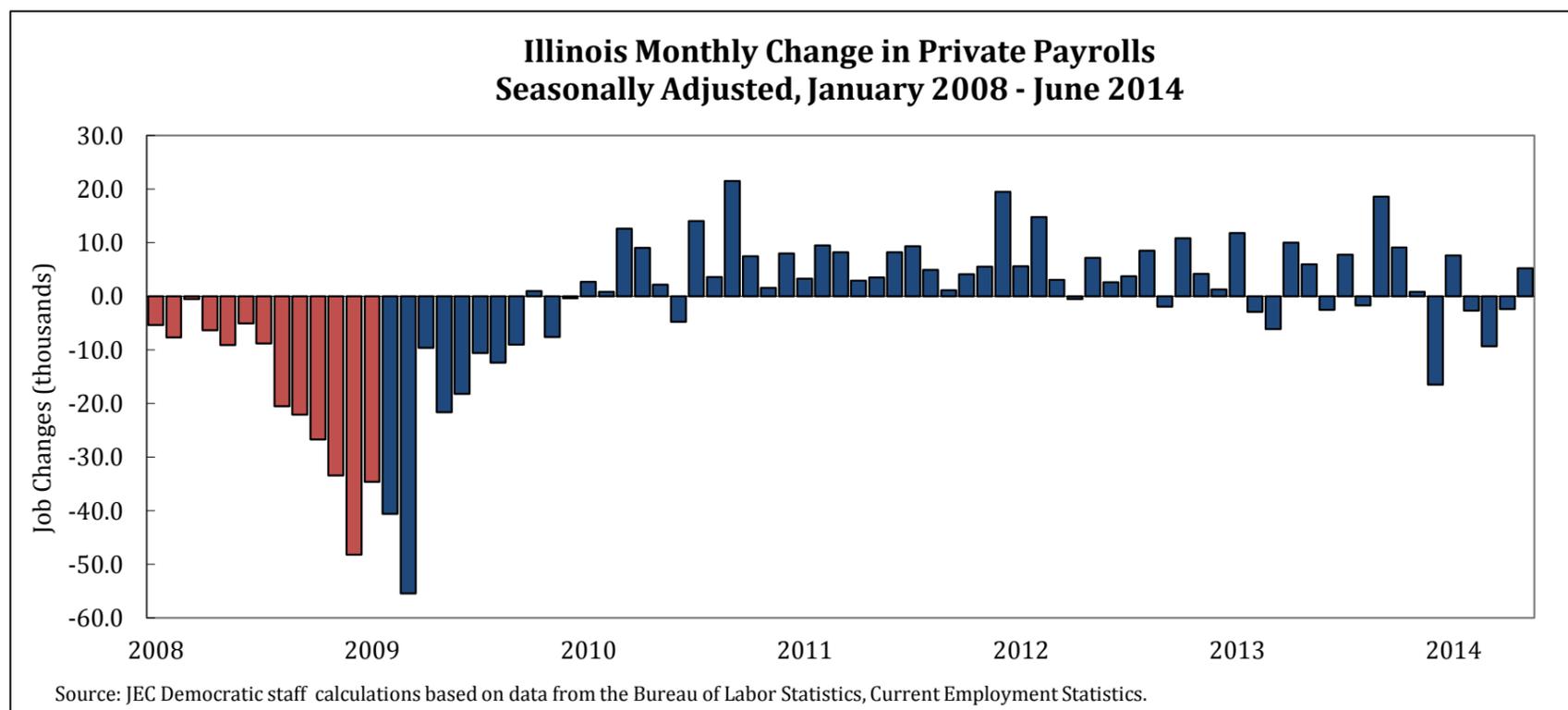


## ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: ILLINOIS

*\*\*Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through June 2014\*\**

### JOBS

- In June, private-sector employment in Illinois grew by 5,200 jobs. Over the past year, the Illinois private sector has added 14,000 jobs. This compares with an increase of 48,000 jobs over the 12 months ending in June 2013.
- Illinois private-sector employers have added 248,200 jobs (an increase of 5.2 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Illinois, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (104,100 jobs), education and health services (58,100 jobs) and trade, transportation and utilities (45,000 jobs).
- The Illinois sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (13.2 percent), mining and logging (11.2 percent) and education and health services (7.0 percent).



### UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Illinois was 7.1 percent in June 2014, down 0.4 percentage point from May. The rate is down 2.1 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 11.4 percent in January 2010.
- 461,700 Illinois residents were unemployed during June 2014, down from a recent high of 753,500 in January 2010. There are still 94,600 more people unemployed in Illinois than when the recession began.
- In Illinois, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 49,563 during May, down 2.7 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 8.6 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

### EXPORTS

- In Illinois, exports totaled \$5.8 billion in May and \$68.4 billion over the past year, up 4.6 percent from the 12 months ending in May 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Illinois exports over the past 12 months are up 39.1 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

### HOUSING

- Home prices in Illinois increased by 2.0 percent from the first quarter of 2013 to the first quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 2.5 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2012 but remain 18.5 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Illinois totaled 20,040 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in May 2014, a decrease of 37.6 percent from April.
- Within the Midwest census region, which includes Illinois, sales of new single-family homes totaled 74,000 units in May 2014, an increase of 1.4 percent from April. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 10.4 percent to 1,060,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from April to May 2014.

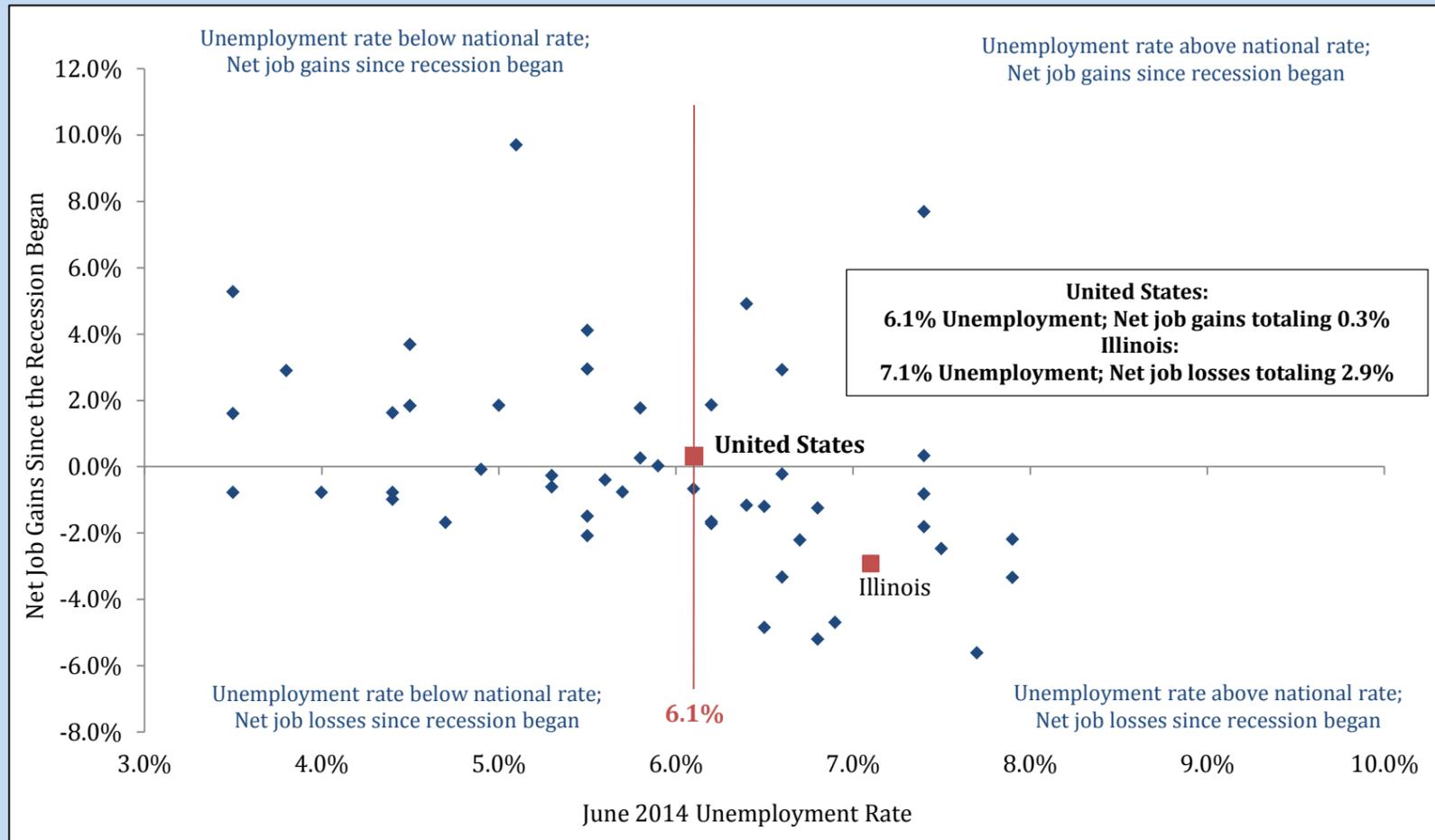
\* For Illinois-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Illinois office: <http://www.ides.illinois.gov/page.aspx?item=3528>

## How Does Illinois Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Illinois to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Illinois, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.7% and net job gains totaling 28.3% since the start of the recession.

### STATE QUICK FACTS

		<b>Illinois</b>	<b>United States</b>
<b>Unemployment Rates</b> .....	June 2014	7.1%	6.1%
	June 2013	9.2%	7.5%
	June 2012	9.0%	8.2%
	June 2011	9.9%	9.1%
<b>Percent of Population Who Are Veterans</b> .....	2013	7.7%	9.0%
<b>All Veterans' Unemployment Rate</b> .....	2013	9.2%	6.6%
<b>Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate</b> .....	2013	13.0%	9.0%
<b>Median Household Income</b> .....	2012	\$ 51,738	\$ 51,017
	(2012 \$) 2007	\$ 58,145	\$ 55,627
<b>Poverty Rate</b> .....	2012	12.6%	15.0%
	2007	10.0%	12.5%
<b>No Health Insurance</b> .....	2012	13.6%	15.4%
	2007	13.0%	14.7%