



New Hampshire Economic Update

July 22, 2016

Summary

Nonfarm payroll employment in New Hampshire increased by 4,000 jobs and the unemployment rate rose to 2.8 percent in June according to data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

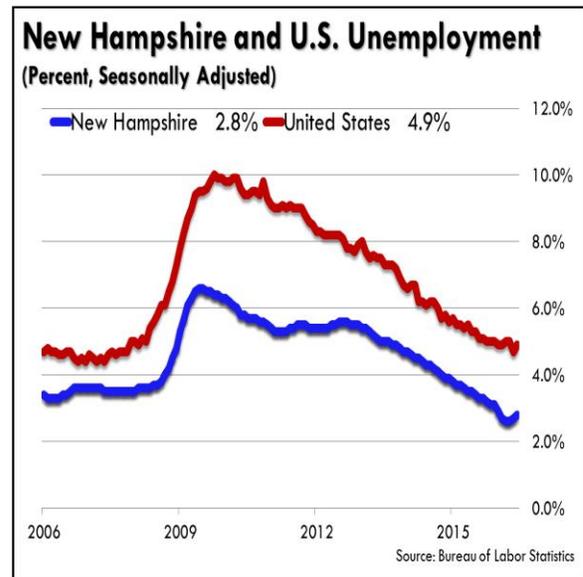
New Hampshire Unemployment Rate

During June, the unemployment rate in New Hampshire increased by 0.1 percentage point to 2.8 percent. The number of people counted as unemployed rose by 839 in June to 20,957, while the labor force grew by 2,751 to 751,967. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, only 1 posted lower unemployment rates. A year earlier, the unemployment rate in New Hampshire stood at 3.5 percent.

The 10 year peak for the unemployment rate in New Hampshire was 6.6 percent in July 2009. The series high for the unemployment rate in New Hampshire occurred in July 1992 when the unemployment rate reached 7.4 percent.

The 10 year low for the unemployment rate in New Hampshire was 2.6 percent in April 2016. The series low for the unemployment rate in New Hampshire occurred in March 1988 when the unemployment rate reached 2.2 percent. BLS began publishing the state unemployment rate series in 1976.

The national unemployment rate rose by 0.2 percentage point to 4.9 percent in June. June's unemployment rate was 0.4 percentage point lower than a year earlier. The 10-year high for the national unemployment rate was 10.0 percent in October 2009. The 10-year low was 4.4 percent in May 2007.



New Hampshire Payroll Employment

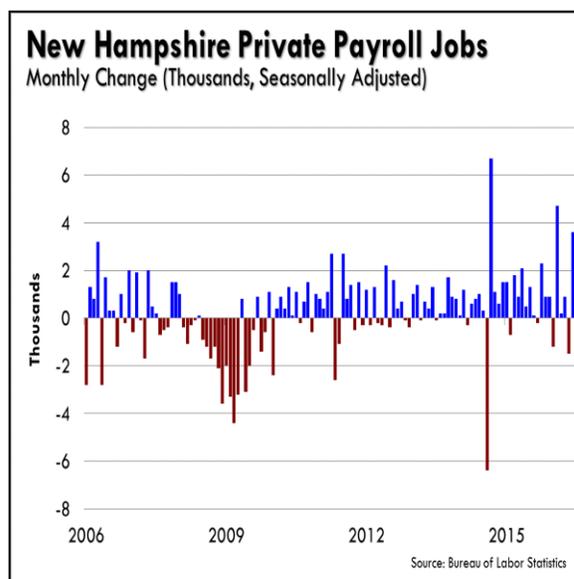
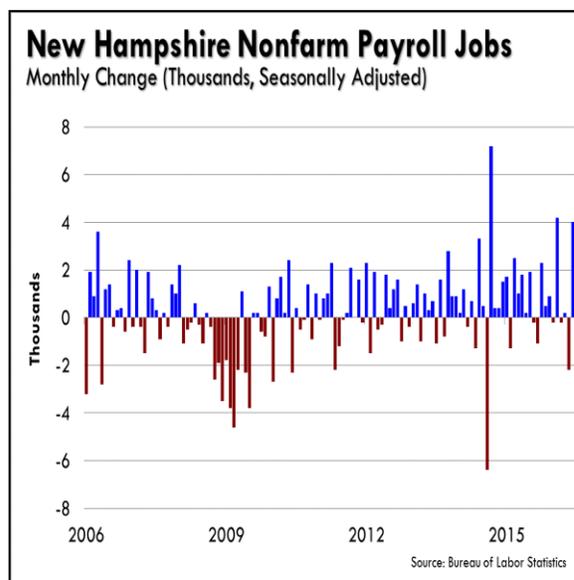
New Hampshire nonfarm payrolls increased by 4,000 jobs, or 0.60 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during June. In the prior month, nonfarm payrolls declined by 2,200. Over the past 12 months nonfarm payrolls in New Hampshire increased by 10,100, or 1.54 percent. New Hampshire nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 7 of the past 12 months.

Nationally, nonfarm payrolls increased by 287,000 jobs in June, or 0.2 percent. Over the 12-month period ending June 2016 nonfarm payrolls grew by 2,451,000 jobs, or 1.73 percent. New Hampshire ranks 24th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During June, New Hampshire private sector payrolls increased by 3,600, or 0.63 percent. Private sector payrolls declined by 1,500 jobs in the prior month. Over the past 12 months, private sector payrolls in New Hampshire increased by 12,000, or 2.12 percent. New Hampshire private sector payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.

Nationally private-sector payroll jobs increased by 265,000 jobs in 1.73, or 0.22 percent. Over the past 12 months, the nation's economy has added 2,322,000 jobs in the private sector, an increase of 1.94 percent. New Hampshire ranks 20th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During June, total government payroll employment in New Hampshire increased by 400, or 0.45 percent. Federal government payroll employment increased by 100, or 1.32 percent. State government payroll employment increased by 1,200, or 5.13 percent, while local government payroll employment declined by 900, or 1.58 percent.



Over the past year, total government payroll employment declined by 1,900, or 2.10 percent. State government payroll employment was unchanged. Local government payroll employment declined by 2,100, or 3.60 percent.

The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during June were Professional & Business Services (+1,600) and Construction (+800). The poorest performing sectors during the month were Other Services (-200) and Mining & Logging (unchanged).

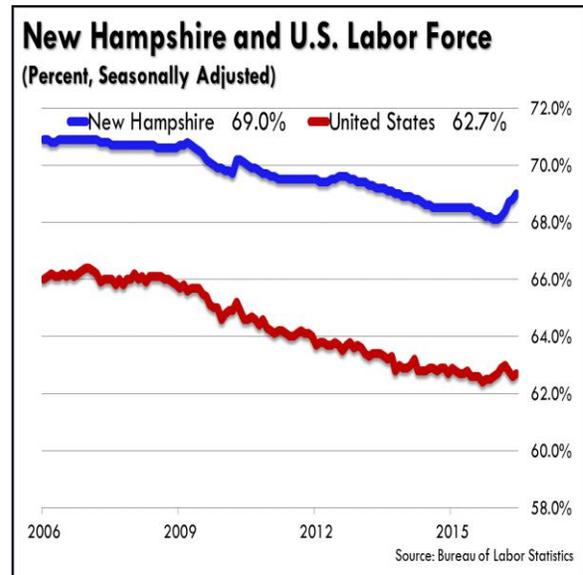
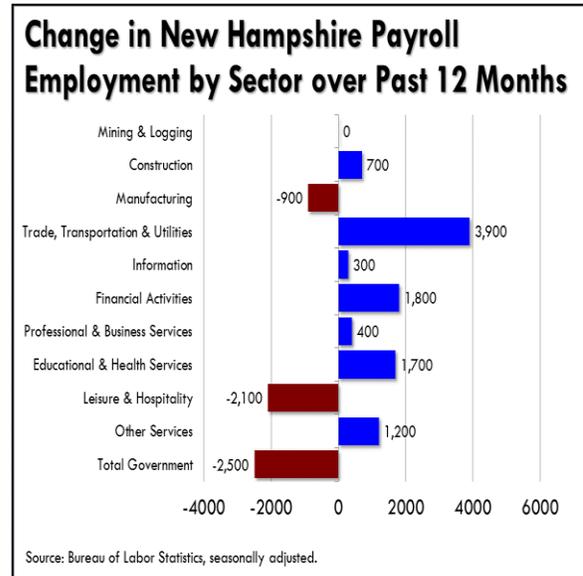
The best performing sectors during the last twelve months were Trade, Transportation & Utilities (+4,800) and Financial Activities (+2,300). The poorest performing sectors for the year were Total Government (-1,900) and Manufacturing (-1,000).

Other New Hampshire Labor Force Statistics

The labor force participation rate in New Hampshire rose to 69.0 percent in June from 68.8 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 6 have a higher labor force participation rate than New Hampshire. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

The 10 year high for the labor force participation rate in New Hampshire was 70.9 percent in March 2007. The series high for the labor force participation rate in New Hampshire occurred in February 1990 when the labor force participation rate hit 73.7 percent. The 10 year low for the labor force participation rate was 68.1 percent in January 2016. The series low for the labor force participation rate occurred in February 1976 when the labor force participation rate hit 65.5 percent.

The national labor force participation rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 62.7 percent in June, but remains near its 38-year low of 62.4 percent.



The employment-to-population ratio, or the percentage of the New Hampshire civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years and older counted as employed, rose to 67.1 percent in June from 67.0 percent the prior month. At 67.1 percent, New Hampshire has one of the five highest employment-to-population ratios in the nation. The employment-to-population ratio in New Hampshire is 1.0 percentage point higher than a year earlier.

The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio in New Hampshire was 68.5 percent in July 2006. The series high for the employment-to-population ratio in New

Hampshire occurred in January 1989 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 71.3 percent. The 10 year low for the employment-to-population ratio was 65.4 percent in February 2010. The series low for the employment-to-population ratio occurred in March 1976 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 61.0 percent.

The national employment-to-population ratio declined by 0.1 percentage point to 59.6 percent in June. That rate was 0.3 percentage point higher than a year earlier. The all-time high for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.7 in April 2000. The 10-year high for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.4 percent in December 2006. The recent low occurred in October 2013 when the employment-to-population ratio dipped to 58.2 percent. The last time the employment-to-population ratio posted a reading lower than 58.2 percent was July 1983.

State employment and unemployment data for July is scheduled for release on August 19, 2016. The national employment situation report for July will be released on Friday, August 5, 2016.

