



Florida Economic Update

July 21, 2015

Summary

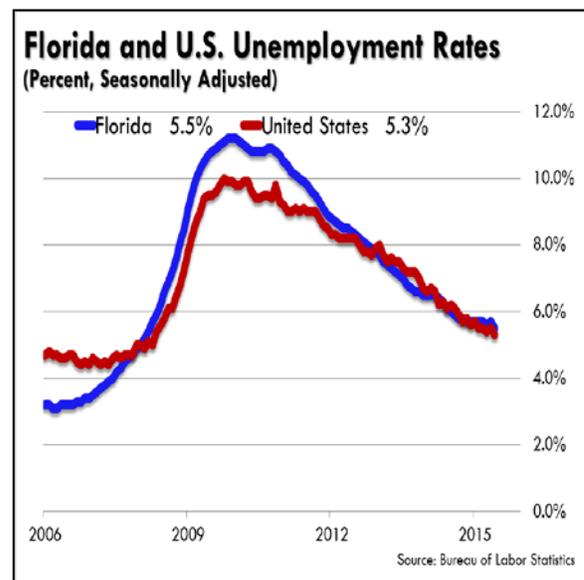
Nonfarm payroll employment in Florida increased by 7,000 jobs and the unemployment rate fell to 5.5 percent in June according to data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

Florida Unemployment Rate

During June, the unemployment rate in Florida declined by 0.2 percentage point to 5.5 percent. The number of people counted as unemployed fell by 17,703 in June to 529,199, while the labor force fell by 64,465 to 9,552,121. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 27 posted lower unemployment rates for the month than Florida. A year earlier, the unemployment rate in Florida stood at 6.1 percent.

The 10 year peak for the unemployment rate in Florida was 11.2 percent in January 2010. This also represents the series high for the unemployment rate in Florida. The 10 year low for the unemployment rate was 3.1 percent in April 2006. This also represents the series low for the unemployment rate in Florida. BLS began publishing the state unemployment rate series in 1976.

The national unemployment rate declined to 5.3 percent in June. June's unemployment rate was 0.8 percentage point lower than a year earlier when the rate stood at 6.1 percent. The ten year high for the national unemployment rate was 10.0 percent in October 2009. The ten year low was 4.4 percent in May 2007.



Florida Payroll Employment

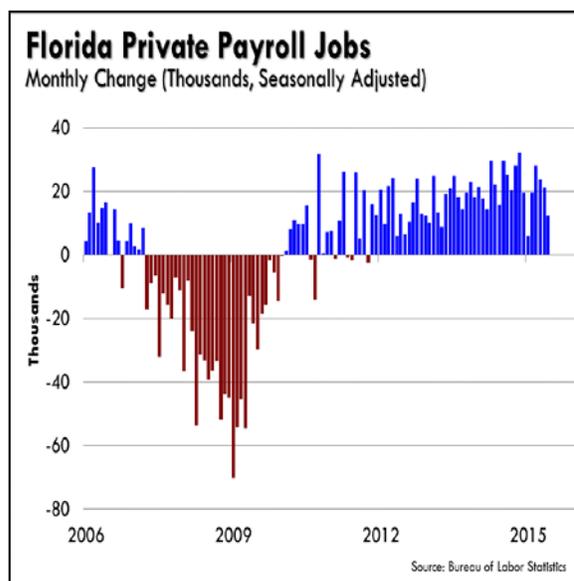
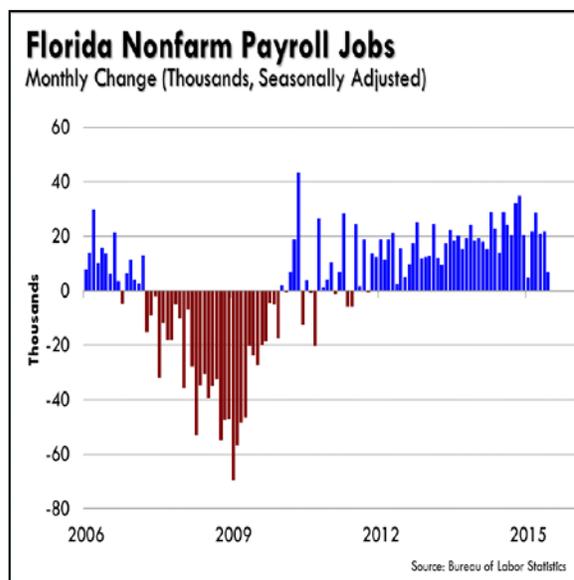
Florida nonfarm payrolls increased by 7,000 jobs, or 0.09 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during June. In the prior month, nonfarm payrolls increased by 21,800. Over the past 12 months nonfarm payrolls in Florida increased by 266,200, or 3.41 percent. Florida nonfarm payroll employment has increased in each of the past 36 months.

Nationally nonfarm payrolls increased by 223,000 jobs in June, or 0.16 percent. Over the 12 month period ending in June 2015, nonfarm payrolls grew by 2,935,000 jobs, or 2.11 percent. Florida posted the fourth highest percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment among the 50 states and the District of Columbia over the past 12 months.

During June, Florida private sector payrolls increased by 12,200, or 0.17 percent. Private sector payrolls increased by 21,200 jobs in the prior month. Over the past 12 months, private sector payrolls in Florida increased by 265,200, or 3.94 percent. Florida private sector payroll employment has increased in each of the past 36 months.

Nationally, private sector payroll jobs increased by 223,000 in June, or 0.19 percent. Over the past 12 months, the nation's economy has added 2,880,000 private sector payroll jobs, an increase of 2.46 percent. Florida posted the second highest percentage gain in private sector payroll employment among the 50 states and the District of Columbia over the past 12 months.

During June, total government payroll employment in Florida was unchanged. Federal government payroll employment increased by 200, or 0.15 percent. State government payroll employment declined by 700, or 0.34 percent, while local government payroll employment declined by 4,700, or 0.64 percent.



Over the past year, total government payroll employment was unchanged. State government payroll employment increased by 1,600, or 0.78 percent. Local government payroll employment declined by 2,600, or 0.35 percent.

The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during June were Trade, Transportation & Utilities (+11,000) and Educational & Health Services (+5,200). The poorest performing sectors during the month were Total Government (-5,200) and Other Services (-3,200).

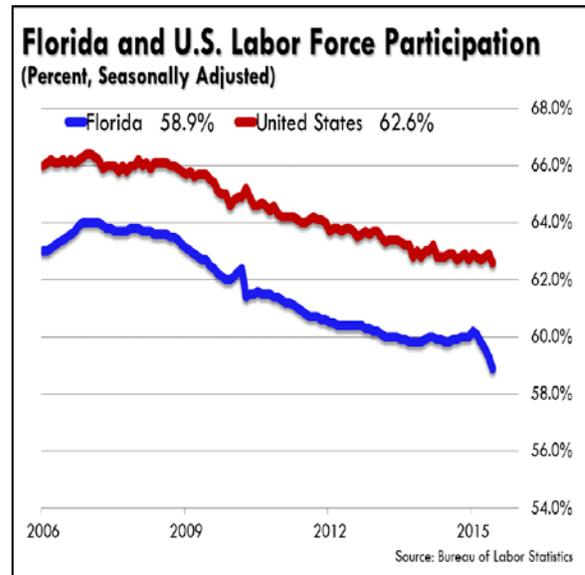
The best performing sectors during the last twelve months were Trade, Transportation & Utilities (+60,400) and Leisure & Hospitality (+53,600). The poorest performing sectors for the year were Information (-900) and Total Government (+1,000).



Other Florida Labor Force Statistics

The labor force participation rate in Florida declined to 58.9 percent in June from 59.3 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 44 have a higher labor force participation rate than Florida. The labor force participation rate in Florida is unchanged from a year earlier. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

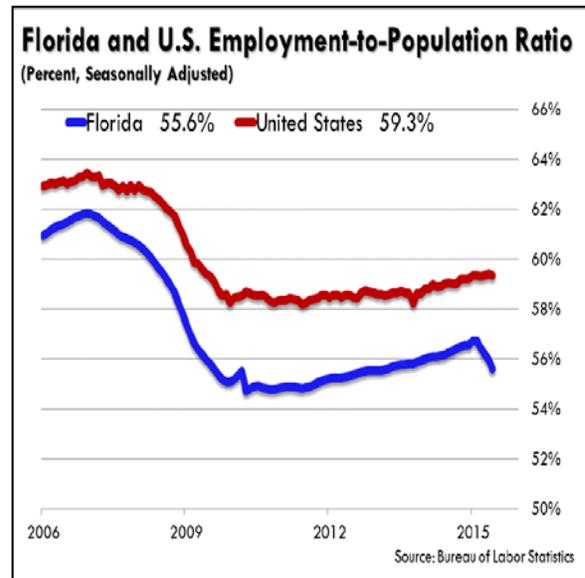
The 10 year high for the labor force participation rate in Florida was 64.0 percent in March 2007. This also represents the series high for the labor force participation rate in Florida. The 10 year low for the labor force participation rate was 58.9 percent in June 2015. The series low for the labor force participation rate occurred in January 1977 when the labor force participation rate hit 54.8 percent.



The national labor force participation rate declined by 0.3 percentage point to 62.6 percent in June. That rate is 0.2 percentage point lower than a year earlier and the lowest recorded since October 1977.

The employment-to-population ratio, or the percentage of the Florida civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years and older counted as employed, declined to 55.6 percent in June from 56.0 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 43 have higher employment-to-population ratios than Florida. The employment-to-population ratio in Florida is 0.6 percentage point lower than a year earlier.

The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio in Florida was 61.8 percent in January 2007. This also represents the series high for the employment-to-population ratio in Florida. The 10 year low for the employment-to-population ratio was 54.7 percent in April 2010. The series low for the employment-to-population ratio occurred in March 1977 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 49.9 percent.



The national employment-to-population ratio ticked down to 59.3 percent in June. At 59.3 percent, the national employment-to-population ratio is below its level of 59.4 percent when the recession ended in June 2009. The all-time high for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.7 percent in June 2000. The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.4 percent in December 2006. The recent low occurred in October 2013 when the employment-to-population ratio dipped to 58.2 percent. The last time the employment-to-population posted a reading lower than 58.2 percent was July 1983.

State employment and unemployment data for June is scheduled for release on Tuesday, July 21. The national employment situation report for June is scheduled for release on Friday, August 21. The national employment situation for July will be released on Friday, August 7.