

The President's Budget Makes the Wrong Choices for Texas's Middle Class Families

Two Million Texans Could See Retirement Benefit Cuts Under President's Privatization Proposal.

President Bush has again snuck a big Social Security privatization plan in his budget that, if enacted, would result in millions of middle-income workers receiving little or no Social Security benefits in retirement. In Texas, two million beneficiaries could be subject to an annual benefit cut of \$6,604 under the President's private account plan, according to an analysis by the House Ways and Means Committee. [Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, [5/2/05](#); Committee on Ways and Means, *The Bush Benefit Cuts: State-by-State Impact*, 9/14/06]

President's Health Care Proposal Will Squeeze Texas's Middle Class With More Costs and Less Coverage.

The President's health insurance proposal will not help the vast majority of Texas's 5.5 million uninsured, will not address rising health care premiums that have increased 87 percent since 2000, and would eventually impose a new health insurance tax on many Texas middle class families. The President's proposal would also weaken traditional employer-sponsored health insurance, which covers 10.8 million Texas workers and their families, by extending the current tax incentive for such group coverage to coverage in the more costly individual market. [Kaiser State Health Facts, (Uninsured [2005](#)), (Employer Coverage [2005](#)); Joint Economic Committee, *The President's Health Care Proposal: All Risk, No Reward*, [January 2007](#); Kaiser Family Foundation, *Employer Health Benefits 2006 Annual Survey: Summary of Findings*, [2006](#)]

Huge Medicare Cuts Would Endanger Texas's 2.5 Million Medicare Beneficiaries' Access to Quality Care and Impose New Tax on Seniors.

The administration's budget includes \$78 billion in Medicare and Medicaid cuts and billions in new premiums that threaten to endanger Texas's 2.5 million Medicare patients' access to the care they need to lead healthy, independent lives. Under the President's plan, more and more Texas Medicare beneficiaries would have to pay higher premiums for coverage of prescription drugs and doctors' services, and fees paid to home health agencies, hospitals and nursing homes would be substantially reduced. The administration's budget also assumes that an 8-percent Medicare reimbursement cut for doctors scheduled to go into effect next year will not be reversed. [President Bush FY2008 Budget; Kaiser State Health Facts, [2005](#); *New York Times*, [2/4/07](#)]

Funding Shortfalls in State Grants for Children's Health Care Could Add to the Ranks of Texas's 1.4 Million Uninsured Kids.

While the President's budget would slightly increase the federal contribution to the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), it is \$10 billion less than is needed to merely continue covering the children already enrolled in SCHIP and would give Texas less money to cover its neediest children. Further cuts will undermine a program critical to raising healthy and economically secure children and risk adding to the ranks of Texas's nearly 1.4 million uninsured kids. [President Bush FY2008 Budget; Federal Funds Information for States Database; Kaiser State Health Facts, [2005](#); Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, [11/26/06](#)]

Texas's 1.6 Million Veterans Could Be Hurt By VA Funding Shortfalls.

Nearly half of the military servicemen and women serving in Iraq and Afghanistan will require health care services for the physical and psychological traumas of war, yet the President's budget again underfunds the Department of Veterans Affairs. The budget requests approximately \$34.2 billion for veterans health care, a 6-percent increase over the 2007 funding level of \$32.3 billion in the continuing budget resolution. The VA has testified in the past that the Veterans Health Administration requires a minimum annual increase of 13-14 percent to meet the rising costs from medical inflation and increasing demand. Without adequate funding, the VA health care system will find it more difficult to provide quality care for Texas's 1.6 million veterans and troops returning from Iraq and Afghanistan. [The Independent Budget, Critical Issues Report, [On FY2008](#); *Newsweek*, 1/19/06; U.S. Census Bureau, [2005](#) American Community Survey; FY2007 Continuing Resolution]

Aid for Texas's College Students Whacked Again; University of Texas Tuition Up 93 Percent in Four Years. Over the course of their lifetime, college graduates will earn \$1 million more than high school graduates, and college graduates are more likely to have jobs that offer employer-sponsored health care and retirement benefits. Yet the President's budget again freezes funds for key college programs like work study and zeroes out Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG). In 2006, Texas received \$52.9 million in federal college work study funds and \$45.3 million in SEOG grants. As tuition and fees at schools like University of Texas increase 93 percent in just four years, the administration's cuts in student aid will put college further out of reach for many Texas students. [State PIRG Higher Education Project, April 2006; Federal Funds Information for States Database; Chronicle for Higher Education, Tuition and Fees, 2002-2007]

Funding for Texas Terrorism Prevention and Disaster Response Slashed by Millions. The President's budget guts programs that help Texas's local governments prevent and respond to acts of terrorism and other major disasters. The State Homeland Security Grant Program, which awarded \$225.4 million to Texas from 2003 through 2006, was cut to \$187 million nationally. The Bush administration also attempts to eliminate the Law Enforcement Terrorist Prevention Program (LETPP) by reducing the national funding level from \$384 million in 2006 to just \$263 million. Texas received \$49.2 million from 2004 through 2006 in LETPP funding for prevention of terrorist attacks, intelligence gathering and interoperable communications. [President Bush FY2008 Budget; Federal Funds Information for States Database; Department of Justice]

Programs to Keep Texas's Neighborhoods Safe Lose Millions in Federal Funding. The President's budget again attempts to eliminate two of Texas's local crime fighting tools—the Community Oriented Policing Service (COPS) program and Justice Assistance Grants (JAG). COPS helps Texas's law enforcement agencies hire police officers, enhance crime fighting technology, and support crime prevention initiatives, while JAG supports state and local drug task forces, community crime prevention programs and prosecution initiatives. In 2006, Texas received \$22.6 million in JAG funding and \$3.6 million in COPS funding that it used to keep neighborhoods safer for Texas families. [President Bush FY2008 Budget; Federal Funds Information for States Database; Department of Justice, COPS *End of Year Report*, [FY 2006](#)]

Budget Turns a Blind Eye to Global Warming; Carbon Emissions in Texas Have Increased 18 Percent Since 1990. The President's budget once again ignores global warming, despite his first-ever remarks on climate change in the State of the Union two weeks ago. But despite the decisive scientific evidence that unabated carbon emissions will cause increasing world-wide temperatures, dangerous weather disruptions, and serious economic costs from global climate change, *this administration is not funding a single new proposal likely to reduce carbon emissions from their current levels.* This failure to act is all the more serious as new links are being drawn between carbon emissions and asthma among school-aged children and heart disease among women. Carbon emissions have increased 18 percent in Texas since 1990. [Pew Center Global Climate Change, [Response to 2007 State of the Union](#); Environmental Protection Agency, CO2 Emissions from Fossil Fuel Combustion, Million Metric Tons CO2, [1990-2003](#); New York Times, 11/19/06; New York Times, 2/1/07]

Another Round of Cuts to Community Investments Could Slow Economic Development in Texas. After being saved by Democrats in Congress two years in a row, the Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) is once again on the President's chopping block. The CDBG program is a signature program for Texas's cities, counties and local communities to create jobs, spur economic development and small business opportunities and expand homeownership. Texas's CDBG funding is being reduced by \$76.4 million from its 2006 funding level of \$260 million. By cutting CDBG, the President's budget would undermine the economic well-being of Texas's communities and the future generations that live there. [President Bush's Budget, FY2008; Federal Funds Information for States Database; National League of Cities]

