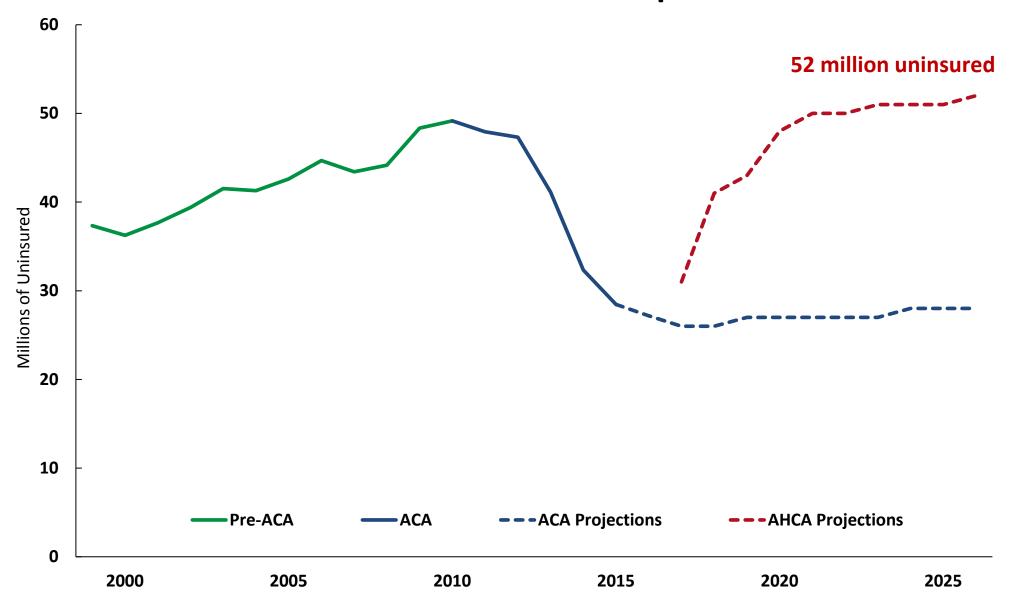
Republican Health Care Plan Charts Packet

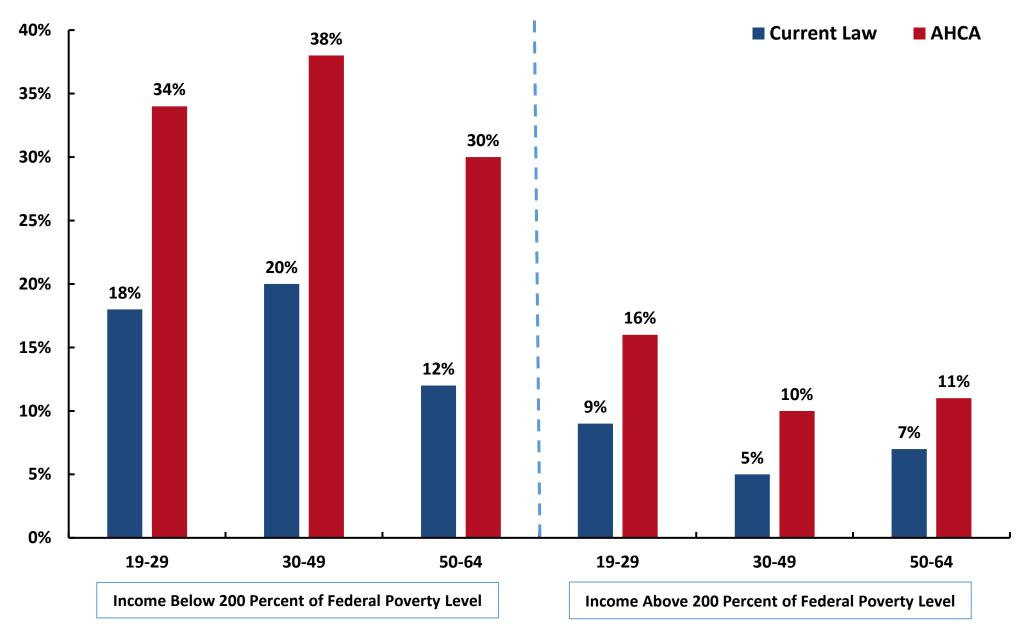
March 2017

Number of Uninsured Projected to Skyrocket to Above Pre-ACA Levels Under Republican Plan



Source: Congressional Budget Office (CBO), Kaiser Family Foundation and Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement
Note: Number of individuals without health coverage under age 65; 1999-2015 data from Current Population Survey; 2016 data from Kaiser Family Foundation
estimate; 2017-2026 data from 2017 CBO projections; AHCA refers to Republican House Plan and ACA refers to Affordable Care Act

Republican Plan Drastically Raises Uninsured Rate Across Age Groups and Income Levels

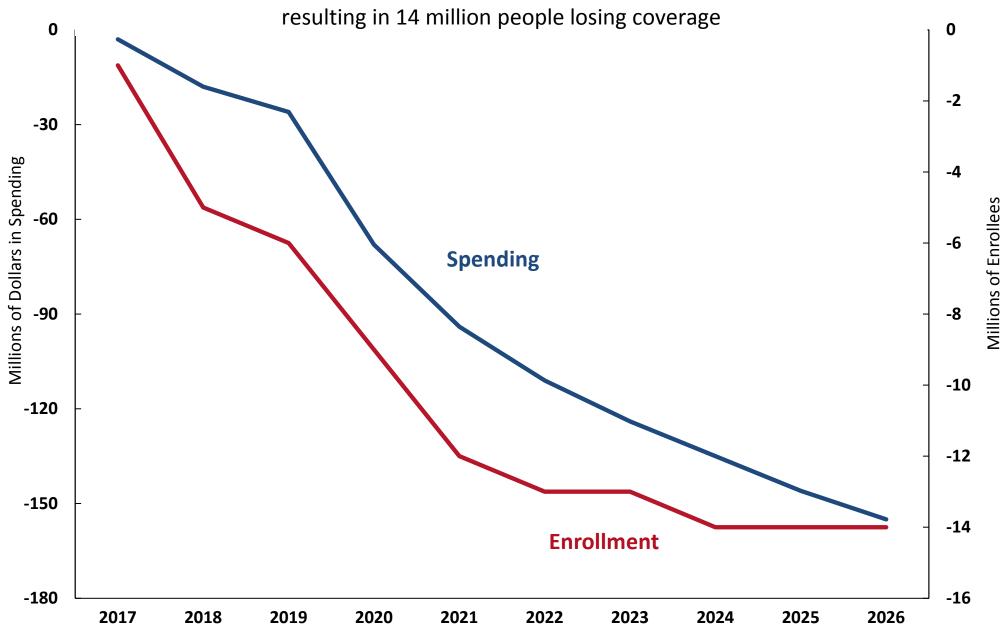


Source: Congressional Budget Office

Note: AHCA refers to Republican House Plan titled American Health Care Act and current law refers to Affordable Care Act

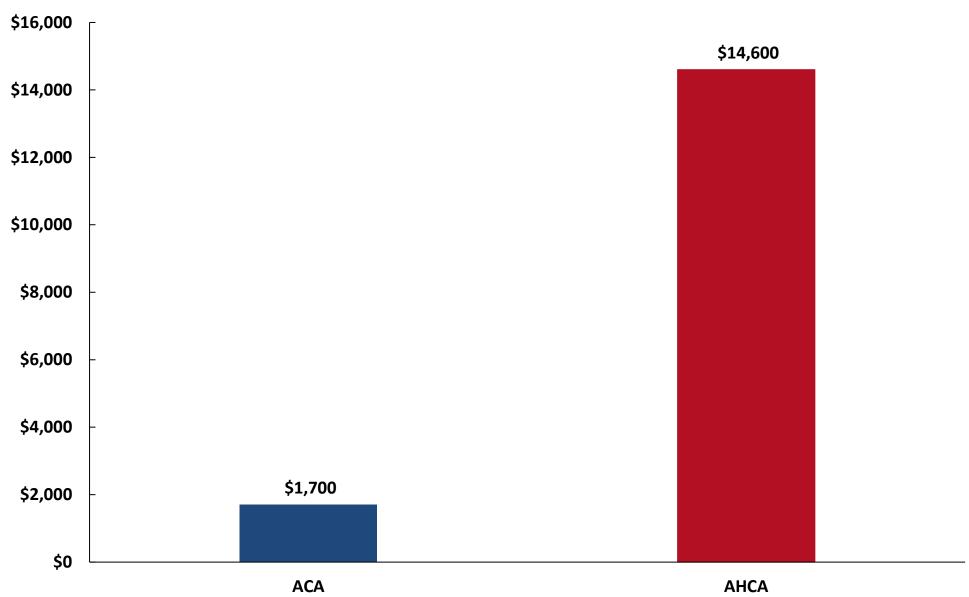
Projected Republican Medicaid "Savings" Are Due to **Drastic Cuts in Enrollment**

Republicans would slash \$880 million from Medicaid over 10 years,



Source: Congressional Budget Office

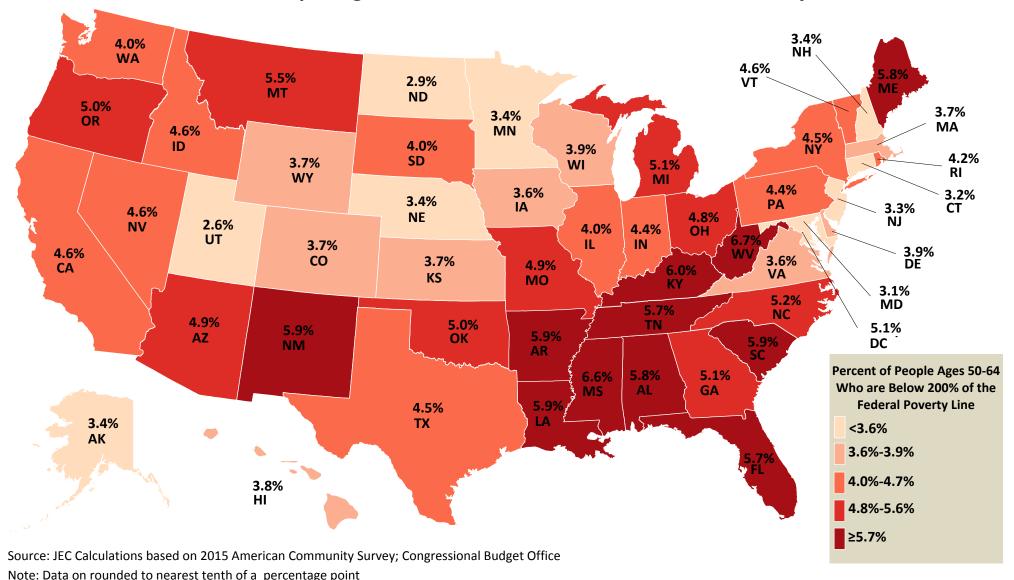
Net Premiums Will Increase for Older, Poor Americans by 9 Times Under Republican Plan



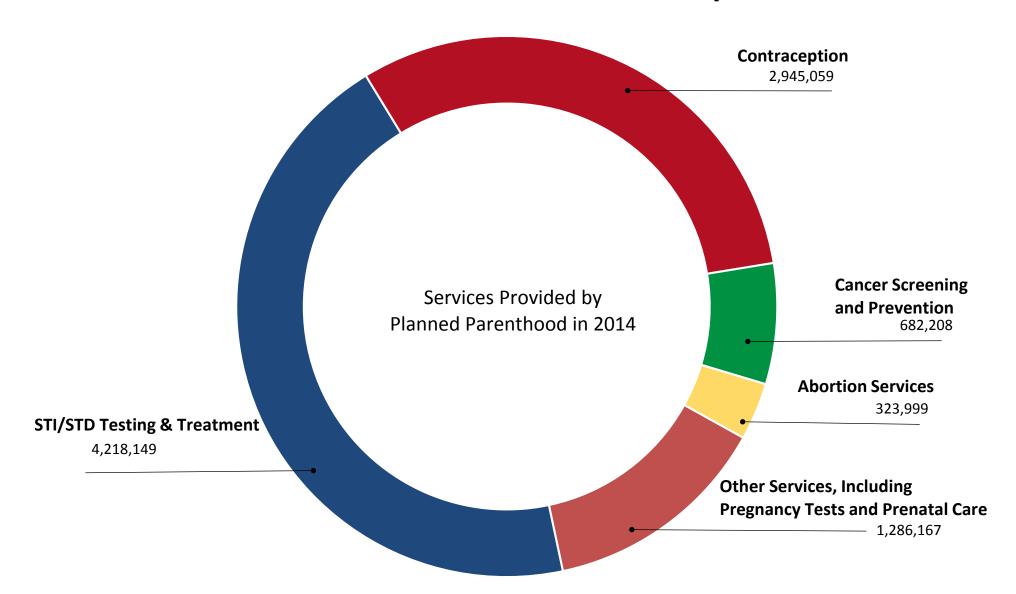
Source: Congressional Budget Office

Note: Illustrative example of a 64-year-old single individual with annual income of \$26,500 (175 percent of the federal poverty line) in 2026; AHCA refers to Republican House Plan titled American Health Care Act and ACA refers to Affordable Care Act

Uninsurance Rates for Poorer, Older Americans Will More than Double Percent of People Ages 50-64, Below 200 Percent of the Poverty Line



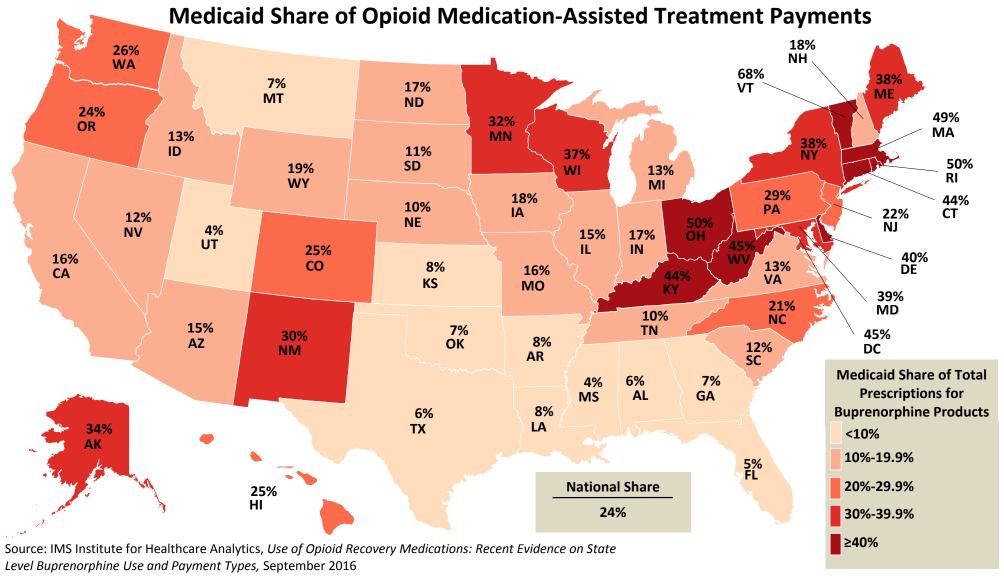
Republican Plan to Defund Planned Parenthood Will Strip Away Care From 15 Percent of Vulnerable Population



Source: Planned Parenthood Federation of America and Congressional Budget Office

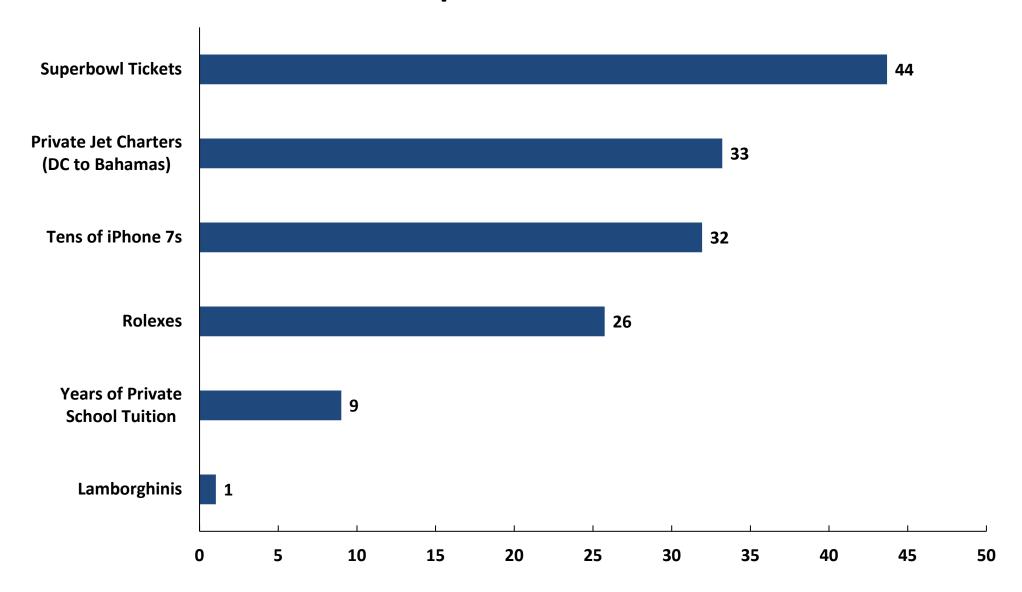
Note: Services provided by Planned Parenthood from October 2013 through September 2014; CBO projects that 15 percent of those whom reside in areas without other health care clinics or medical practitioners who serve low-income populations will lose care

Thanks to the ACA, Medicaid Helps Many Opioid Users Get Treatment



Note: Buprenorphine is a commonly-used drug for treatment of opioid addiction; data as of June 2016; data rounded to nearest percentage point

What the Super Rich Can Buy With their Tax Cut from the Republican Health Plan



Source: Tax Policy Center, TrueCar, National Center for Education Statistics, Amazon, New Flight Charters, Travelmath, Apple Store and TicketCity

Note: Tax Policy Center estimates that the average tax cut for top 0.1 percent of Americans is \$207,390; Item prices are for the price of a Lamborghini, average 201213 tuition for a nonsectarian private school (indexed to February 2017 dollars using CPI-U), cost of a Rolex Submariner 116610LN, average cost of chartering a light jet for 2.5 hours, price of a 32GB iPhone 7 and the average cost of a Superbowl ticket on January 26, 2017

Next Year Under the Republican Health Care Plan

State	Major City	2018 Increase in Premiums	Number Losing Private-Coverage	Increased Cost of Uncompensated Care to Hospitals	Rank: Most Increased Costs (1) to Least (51)	Rank: Highest Increase (1) to Lowest Increase (51) in Uninsured
Alabama	Birmingham	\$886-\$1181	108,708	\$97,837,550	5	25
Alaska	Anchorage	\$1627-\$2170	10,706	\$9,635,412	1	51
Arizona	Phoenix	\$913-\$1217	113,175	\$101,857,274	3	24
Arkansas	Little Rock	\$565-\$754	72,319	\$65,087,286	28	33
California	Los Angeles	\$464-\$619	1,176,129	\$1,058,515,933	45	1
Colorado	Denver	\$563-\$751	130,653	\$117,587,355	29	20
Connecticut	Hartford	\$727-\$970	105,871	\$95,283,777	15	26
Delaware	Wilmington	\$761-\$1015	19,669	\$17,701,819	11	47
DC	Washington	\$536-\$715	19,074	\$17,166,647	35	48
Florida	Miami	\$551-\$734	634,883	\$571,394,619	33	3
Georgia	Atlanta	\$515-\$686	222,697	\$200,427,463	40	11
Hawaii	Honolulu	\$625-\$833	19,687	\$17,718,413	25	46
Idaho	Boise	\$626-\$835	45,068	\$40,561,356	24	37
Illinois	Chicago	\$524-\$698	310,939	\$279,845,360	38	5
Indiana	Indianapolis	\$515-\$686	129,620	\$116,657,929	40	21
Iowa	Cedar Rapids	\$542-\$722	90,822	\$81,739,769	34	30
Kansas	Wichita	\$650-\$866	76,092	\$68,482,903	21	32
Kentucky	Louisville	\$412-\$550	131,367	\$118,230,402	50	19
Louisiana	New Orleans	\$671-\$895	114,012	\$102,610,441	18	23
Maine	Portland	\$614-\$818	27,113	\$24,401,591	26	42
Maryland	Baltimore	\$556-\$742	146,819	\$132,137,150	32	18
Massachusetts	Boston	\$445-\$593	147,616	\$132,854,730	47	17
Michigan	Detroit	\$427-\$569	222,957	\$200,661,748	49	10
Minnesota	Minneapolis	\$659-\$878	155,109	\$139,597,729	20	14
Mississippi	Jackson	\$634-\$845	60,324	\$54,292,033	23	35
Missouri	St Louis	\$558-\$744	152,716	\$137,444,149	31	16
Montana	Billings	\$765-\$1020	24,217	\$21,795,085	10	44
Nebraska	Omaha	\$662-\$883	49,794	\$44,814,810	19	36
Nevada	Las Vegas	\$508-\$677	71,303	\$64,173,045	42	34
New Hampshire	Manchester	\$481-\$641	28,098	\$25,288,644	43	40
New Jersey	Newark	\$635-\$847	202,696	\$182,426,714	22	12
New Mexico	Albuquerque	\$464-\$619	36,083	\$32,474,391	45	38
New York	New York City	\$821-\$1094	519,487	\$467,538,371	8	4
North Carolina	Charlotte	\$1030-\$1373	256,001	\$230,400,520	2	7
North Dakota	Fargo	\$596-\$794	22,592	\$20,332,787	27	45
Ohio	Cleveland	\$412-\$550	238,918	\$215,026,413	50	8
Oklahoma	Okla. City	\$887-\$1183	95,784	\$86,205,688	4	29
Oregon	Portland	\$562-\$749	98,889	\$89,000,212	30	28
Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	\$752-\$1003	270,560	\$243,504,337	14	6
Rhode Island	Providence	\$470-\$626	27,418	\$24,676,544	44	41
South Carolina	Columbia	\$727-\$970	104,954	\$94,458,664	15	27
South Dakota	Sioux Falls	\$806-\$1075	25,620	\$23,057,757	9	43
Tennessee	Nashville	\$754-\$1006	153,408	\$138,066,857	12	15
Texas	Houston	\$518-\$691	665,962	\$599,365,444	39	2
Utah	Salt Lake City	\$526-\$701	80,562	\$72,506,192	37	31
Vermont	Burlington	\$886-\$1181	16,161	\$14,545,040	5	49
Virginia	Richmond	\$533-\$710	232,788	\$209,509,452	36	9
Washington	Seattle	\$428-\$571	159,036	\$143,132,002	48	13
West Virginia	Huntington	\$754-\$1006	31,275	\$28,147,281	12	39
Wisconsin	Milwaukee	\$682-\$910	129,215	\$116,293,513	17	22
Wyoming Joint Economic Committee Democ	Cheyenne	\$835-\$1114	14,981 (https://www.cbo.gov/sites/defaul	\$13,482,675 ht/files/115th-congress-2017-2018/0	7 costestimate/americanhealthcareact.	50

Joint Economic Committee Democratic staff calculations based on Congressional Budget Office projections (https://www.cbo.gov/sites/default/files/115th-congress-2017-2018/costestimate/americanhealthcareact.pdf) and data from the Kaiser Family Foundation (http://kff.org/pealth-reform/issue-brief/2017-premium-changes-and-insurer-participation-in-the-affordable-care-acts-health-insurance-marketplaces/ and http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/nonelderly-0-64/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%78%22colld%22:%221ocation%22,%22sort%22:%22acc%22Xort%22). Premium increases are based on the second lowest cost silver benchmark health plan for a 40-year-old non-smoker making \$30,000 a year and CBO projections. Premiums are before tax credits. Premiums for each state are based on the premium for a major city in each state. Decreases in coverage assume that the projected decreases in coverage are divided proportionally along with the

CBO projections. Premiums are before tax credits. Premiums for each state are based on the premium for a major city in each state. Decreases in coverage assume that the projected decreases in coverage are divided proportionally along with the current size of the insured population for each category. Number losing private coverage just looks at those losing coverage on the individual market and through their employers. Increased cost in uncompensated care uses the estimate that each additional uninsured person costs local hospitals \$900 per year (https://insight.kellogg.northwestern.edu/article/who-bears-the-cost-of-the-uninsured-nonprofit-hospitals).