

Economic Overview And Outlook: Illinois

JOBS

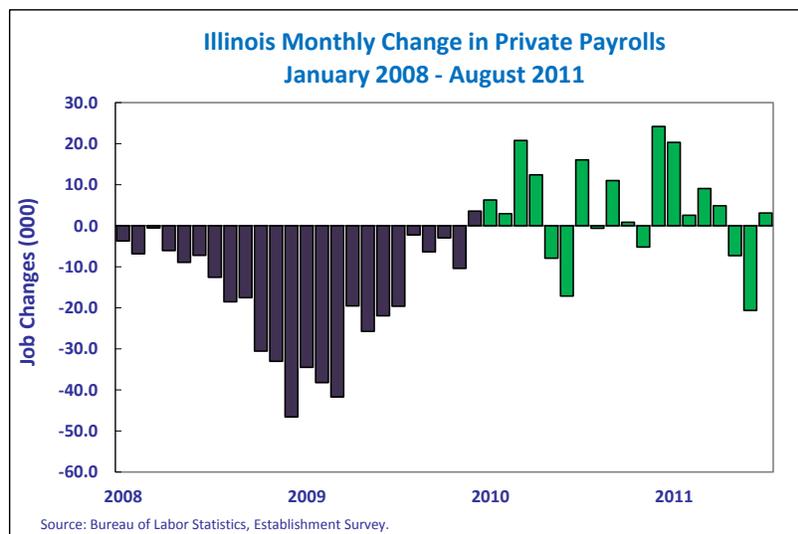
- Including August, the private sector has gained jobs nationwide for 18 consecutive months.
- In Illinois, private sector employment fell by 7.9 percent from January 2008 to February 2010. Since February 2010, private sector employment has grown by 1.8 percent.
- In Illinois, employees in the construction, manufacturing, and professional and business services sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. Since the beginning of 2010, the following sectors in Illinois have experienced the greatest employment increases: mining; professional and business services; and manufacturing.*
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Illinois was 9.9 percent in August 2011, up 4.4 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 11.2 percent in January 2010.
- 653,000 Illinois residents were counted among the unemployed in Illinois during August 2011.

EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 3rd quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.2 percent. Most recently, in the 1st quarter of 2011, total personal income is 1.1 percent above its 4th quarter of 2007 level.
- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Illinois was \$39,417.70 in the 1st quarter of 2011, up from \$38,917.30 in the 1st quarter of 2009.



HOUSING

- National home prices, including distressed sales, saw a decrease of 5.2 percent in July 2011 from July 2010 compared to a 6.0 percent decrease in June. In Illinois, home prices saw a decrease of 10.0 percent in July 2011 from July 2010 following June's year over year decrease of 11.6 percent.
- The median price of single-family homes in Illinois was \$152,387 in the second quarter of 2010, compared to \$180,176 nationwide.
- As of the 2nd quarter of 2011, 7.0 percent of all mortgages, including 20.3 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Illinois.
- Housing starts in Illinois totaled 7,060 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in July 2011, a decrease of 49.1 percent from June.
- Within the Midwest census region, which includes Illinois, sales of new single-family homes totaled 43,000 units in July 2011, an increase of 2.4 percent from June. Sales of existing single-family homes increased 1.1 percent to 960,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from June to July 2011.

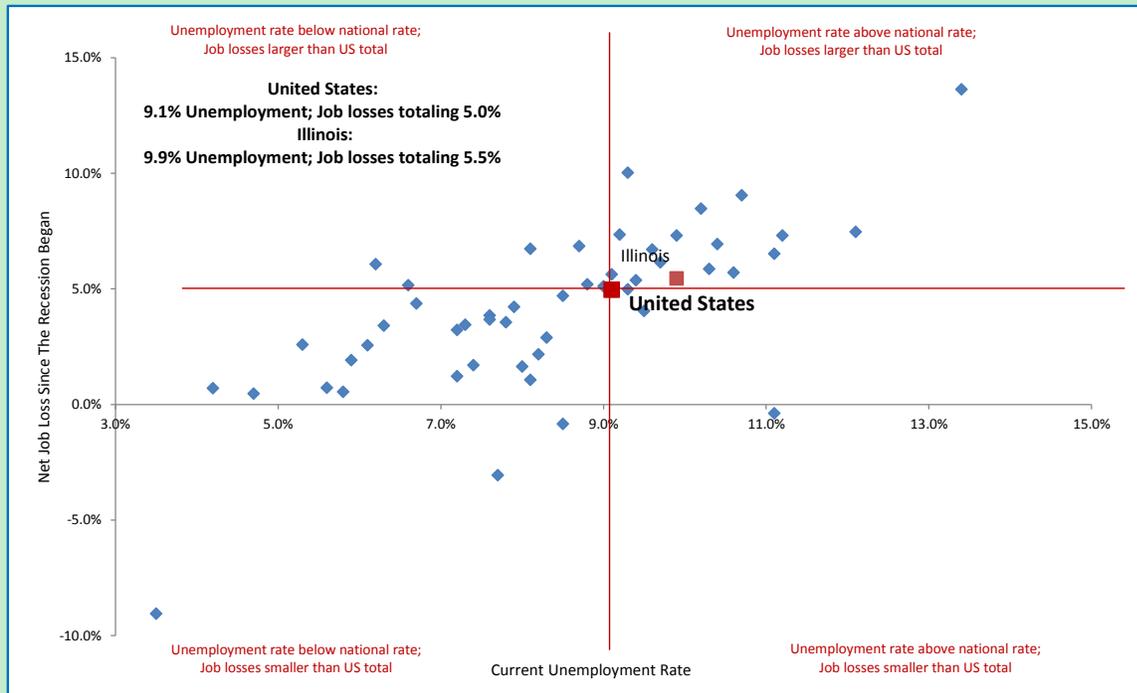
* For Illinois-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Illinois office: <http://lmi.ides.state.il.us/pressreleases.htm>

How Does Illinois Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country were hard hit during the Great Recession. Although labor markets in many states still remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows you to compare Illinois to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Illinois since the start of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession took on the job supply in Illinois.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates job losses (or even gains) lower than the national average.



STATE QUICK FACTS

		Illinois	United States
Unemployment Rates	August 2008	6.7%	6.1%
	August 2009	10.6%	9.7%
	August 2010	10.0%	9.6%
	August 2011	9.9%	9.1%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2009	5.4%	7.1%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2010	9.8%	8.7%
	Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2010	8.8%
Median Household Income	2007	\$ 55,213	\$ 52,823
	(2010 \$)	2010	\$ 50,761
Poverty Rate	2007	10.0%	12.5%
	2010	14.1%	15.1%
No Health Insurance	2007	13.4%	15.3%
	2010	14.8%	16.3%