



Wisconsin Economic Update

November 20, 2015

Summary

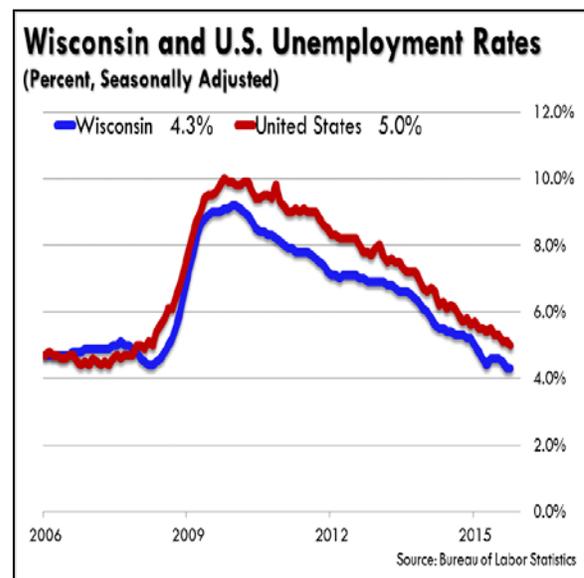
Nonfarm payroll employment in Wisconsin increased by 16,100 jobs and the unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.3 percent in October according to data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

Wisconsin Unemployment Rate

During October, the unemployment rate in Wisconsin was unchanged at 4.3 percent. The number of people counted as unemployed fell by 2,059 in October to 131,429, while the labor force grew by 11,422 to 3,086,705. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 15 posted lower unemployment rates for the month than Wisconsin. A year earlier, the unemployment rate in Wisconsin stood at 5.3 percent.

The 10 year peak for the unemployment rate in Wisconsin was 9.2 percent in January 2010. The series high for the unemployment rate in Wisconsin occurred in January 1983 when the unemployment rate reached 11.9 percent. The 10 year low for the unemployment rate in Wisconsin was 4.3 percent in October 2015. The series low for the unemployment rate in Wisconsin occurred in July 1999 when the unemployment rate reached 3.0 percent. BLS began publishing the state unemployment rate series in 1976.

The national unemployment rate declined by 0.1 percentage point to 5.0 percent in October. October's unemployment rate was 0.7 percentage point lower than a year earlier. The ten year high for the national unemployment rate was 10.0 percent in October 2009. The ten year low was 4.4 percent in May 2007.



Wisconsin Payroll Employment

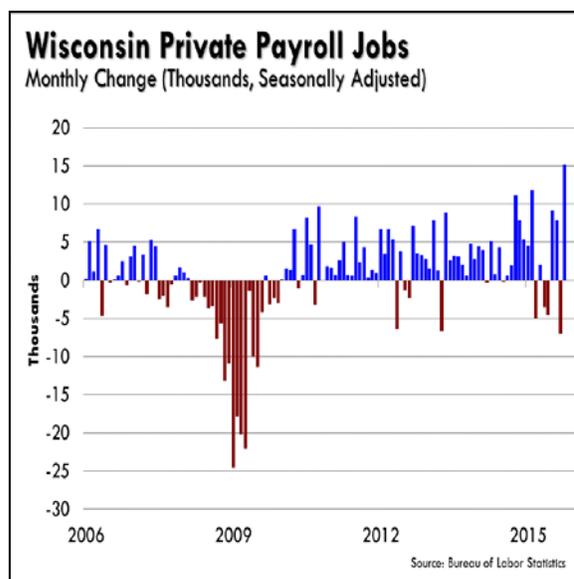
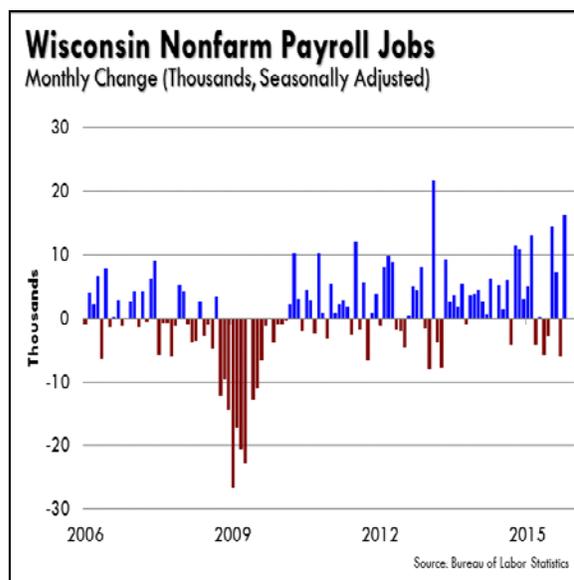
Wisconsin nonfarm payrolls increased by 16,100 jobs, or 0.56 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during October. In the prior month, nonfarm payrolls declined by 6,000. Over the past 12 months nonfarm payrolls in Wisconsin increased by 50,800, or 1.78 percent. Wisconsin nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 8 of the past 12 months.

Nationally nonfarm payrolls increased by 271,000 jobs in October, or 0.19 percent. Over the 12 month period ending in October 2015 nonfarm payrolls grew by 2,814,000 jobs, or 2.01 percent. Wisconsin ranks 20th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During October, Wisconsin private sector payrolls increased by 15,100, or 0.61 percent. Private sector payrolls declined by 7,000 jobs in the prior month. Over the past 12 months, private sector payrolls in Wisconsin increased by 43,600, or 1.78 percent. Wisconsin private sector payroll employment has increased in 8 of the past 12 months.

Nationally private-sector payroll jobs increased by 268,000 jobs in 2015, or 0.22 percent. Over the past 12 months, the nation's economy has added 2,709,000 jobs in the private sector, an increase of 2.30 percent. Wisconsin ranks 24th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During October, total government payroll employment in Wisconsin increased by 1,000, or 0.24 percent. Federal government payroll employment increased by 100, or 0.35 percent. State government payroll employment increased by 600, or 0.59 percent, while local government payroll employment increased by 300, or 0.10 percent.



Over the past year, total government payroll employment increased by 7,200, or 1.75 percent. State government payroll employment increased by 5,100, or 5.27 percent. Local government payroll employment increased by 2,000, or 0.70 percent.

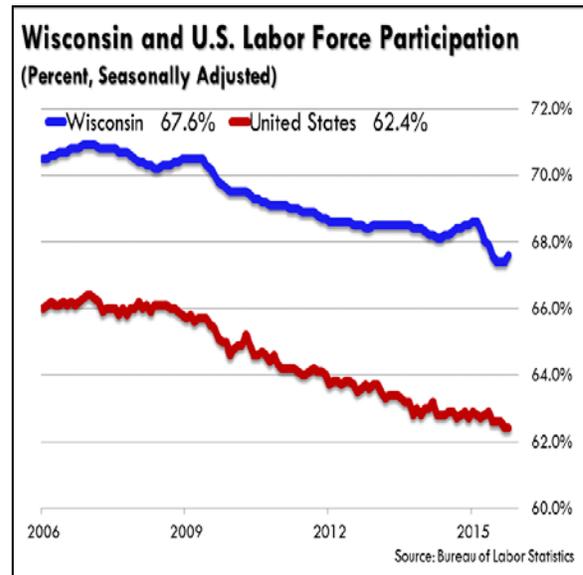
The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during October were Professional & Business Services (+5,000) and Educational & Health Services (+3,900). The poorest performing sectors during the month were Leisure & Hospitality (-300) and Trade, Transportation & Utilities (-200).



The best performing sectors during the last twelve months were Educational & Health Services (+14,100) and Professional & Business Services (+7,300). The poorest performing sectors for the year were Other Services (-500) and Mining & Logging (-200).

Other Wisconsin Labor Force Statistics

The labor force participation rate in Wisconsin rose to 67.6 percent in October from 67.4 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 9 have a higher labor force participation rate than Wisconsin. The labor force participation rate in Wisconsin is unchanged from a year earlier. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.



The 10 year high for the labor force participation rate in Wisconsin was 70.9 percent in February 2007. The series high for the labor force participation rate in Wisconsin occurred in October 1997 when the labor force participation rate hit 74.8 percent. The 10 year low for the labor force participation rate was 67.4 percent in September 2015. The series low for the labor force participation rate occurred in March 1976 when the labor force participation rate hit 65.3 percent.

The national labor force participation rate was unchanged at 62.4 percent in October. That rate was 0.4 percentage point lower than a year earlier. At 62.4 percent, the labor force participation rate is at its lowest level since September 1977.

The employment-to-population ratio, or the percentage of the Wisconsin civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years and older counted as employed, rose to 64.7 percent in October from 64.5 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 9 have higher employment-to-population ratios than Wisconsin. The employment-to-population ratio in Wisconsin is 0.1 percentage point lower than a year earlier.

The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio in Wisconsin was 67.4 percent in March 2007. The series high for the employment-to-population ratio in Wisconsin

occurred in December 1997 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 72.2 percent. The 10 year low for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.1 percent in February 2010. The series low for the employment-to-population ratio occurred in April 1983 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 60.4 percent.

The national employment-to-population ratio rose by 0.1 percentage point to 59.3 percent in October. That rate was 0.1 percentage point higher than a year earlier, but still 0.1 percentage point lower than it was when the recession ended in June 2009. The all-time high for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.7 percent in April 2000. The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.4 percent in December 2006. The recent low occurred in October 2013 when the employment-to-population ratio dipped to 58.2 percent. The last time the employment-to-population posted a reading lower than 58.2 percent was July 1983.

State employment and unemployment data for November is scheduled for release on Friday, December 18. The national employment situation report for November will be released on Friday, December 4.

