## February 2024

# **Employment Situation**

Released March 08, 2024

#### **Core Statistics**

### From January to February:

- Nonfarm payroll employment increased by 275K.
  - Private sector payroll employment increased by 223K.
  - Government payroll employment increased by 52K.
- The headline unemployment rate (U-3) increased by 0.2 percentage points to 3.9 percent.
  - The broadest measure of unemployment (U-6, which adds underemployment to unemployment) increased by 0.1 percentage points to 7.3 percent.
- The labor force participation rate (LFPR) remained unchanged at 62.5 percent.

### From February 2023 to February 2024:

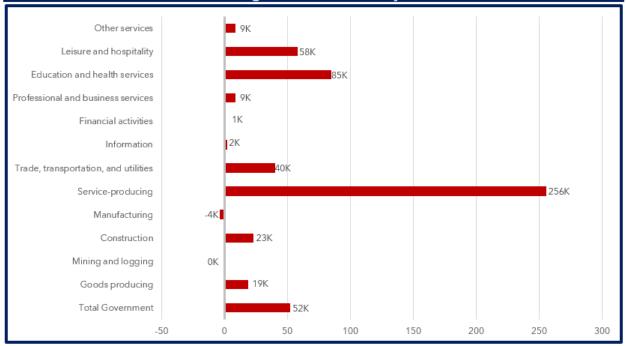
- For all employees on private nonfarm payrolls:
  - Average nominal weekly earnings increased by 3.68 percent.
  - Average nominal hourly earnings increased by 4.28 percent.
- For production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls:
  - Average nominal weekly earnings increased by 4.23 percent.
  - Average nominal hourly earnings increased by 4.54 percent.

#### **Economic Context**

- The biggest news is BLS's downward revision of the January job creation estimate by 124,000–a 35% decrease from what we thought it was.
  - The December estimate was also revised downward by 43,000-a 13% decrease.
  - Revisions due to late-arriving data are normal, but January's is unusually large.
  - The late-arriving data simply showed lower growth across most industries.
- In the State of the Union address last night, President Biden attempted to claim credit for the 15 million jobs created as part of the economic recovery following the Covid-19 pandemic.
  - In reality, the current state of the economy is better understood as a resumption of the pre-pandemic growth trend, rather than anything the President has done.
  - Rather, we should understand that job creation is doing well *despite* the President's best efforts to distort, tax, subsidize, regulate, and re-create the economy in his desired image. Market economies function best when left relatively unhindered.

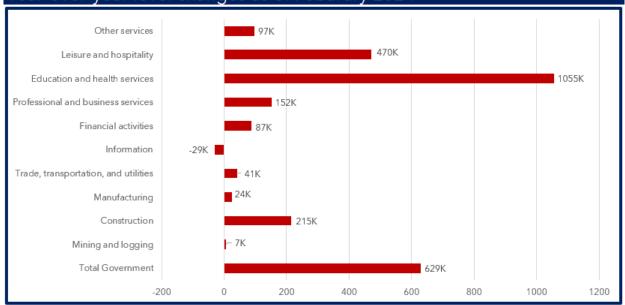
### **National Employment**

### Month-over-month level changes as of Feburary 2024



### **National Employment**

### Year-over-year level changes as of Feburary 2024



### **Economic Analysis**

• See the <u>JEC website</u> for additional analysis of today's release.

**Table 1. Labor Indicators** 

Mar 08, 2024

	Feb 2024	Jan 2023	Difference
Jobs Added (thousands)			
Nonfarm	275k	229k	46k
Total Private	223k	177k	46k
Unemployment			
Official Rate (U-3)	3.9%	3.7%	0.2pp
Broader Rate (U-6)	7.3%	7.2%	0.1pp
Labor Force Participation Rate			
16 years and older	62.5%	62.5%	0.0pp
Prime age (24 to 54 years)	83.5%	83.3%	0.2pp
Employment-to-Population Ratio	60.1%	60.2%	-0.1pp

**Table 2. Nominal Average Earnings** 

Mar 08, 2024

	Feb 2024	Jan 2023	Difference
Production Non-Supervisory			2
Hourly Earnings			
M/M	0.2%	0.4%	-0.2pp
Y/Y	4.5%	4.7%	-0.2pp
Weekly Earnings			
M/M	1.1%	-0.5%	1.6pp
Y/Y	4.2%	3.2%	1.1pp
All Employees			
Hourly Earnings			
M/M	0.1%	0.5%	-0.4pp
Y/Y	4.3%	4.4%	-0.1pp
Weekly Earnings			
M/M	0.4%	-0.1%	0.5pp
Y/Y	3.7%	3.2%	0.5pp

**Source:** Bureau of Labor Statistics, JEC Republican Staff

**Source:** Bureau of Labor Statistics, JEC Republican Staff
\* Seasonally adjusted, discrepancy from monthly figures due to rounding

<sup>\*</sup> Seasonally adjusted, discrepancy from monthly figures due to rounding



Table 3. BLS Revisions Mar 08, 2024

	First	Second	Third	<b>Net Revision</b>
Nonfarm Jobs Added (thousands)				
Jan 24	353k	229k		-124k
Dec 23	216k	333k	290k	74k

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, JEC Republican Staff

Table 4. ADP Estimate Mar 08, 2024
------------------------------------

	BLS	ADP	Difference	
Private Nonfarm Jobs Added (thousands)	223k	140k	83k	

**Source:** Bureau of Labor Statistics, JEC Republican Staff

#### **Upcoming Data Releases**

Date	Time (EST)	Release	Source
Mar 12	8:30 AM	Consumer Price Index	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Mar 29	8:30 AM	Personal Income and Outlays	Bureau of Economic Analysis
Apr 05	8:30 AM	Employment Situation	Bureau of Labor Statistics

#### Legend

m/m = month over month; q/q = quarter over year; y/y = year over year SA = seasonally adjusted; SAAR = seasonally adjusted annual rate pp = percentage points