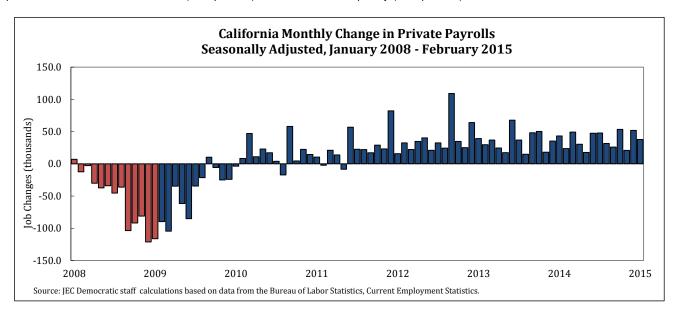
## **ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: CALIFORNIA**

\*\*Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through February 2015\*\*

#### **JOBS**

- In February, private-sector employment in California grew by 37,800 jobs. Over the past year, the California private sector has added 437,800 jobs. This compares with an increase of 423,100 jobs over the 12 months ending in February 2014.
- California private-sector employers have added 1,836,400 jobs (an increase of 15.7 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In California, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (456,500 jobs), education and health services (420,700 jobs) and leisure and hospitality (326,700 jobs).
- The California sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: construction (25.7 percent), professional and business services (22.3 percent) and leisure and hospitality (22.0 percent).



### UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in California was 6.7 percent in February 2015, down 0.3 percentage point from January. The rate is down 1.3 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 12.2 percent in October 2010.
- 1,275,100 California residents were unemployed during February 2015, down from a recent high of 2,230,700 in October 2010. There are still 198,800 more people unemployed in California than when the recession began.
- In California, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 204,108 during February, down 1.9 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 5.6 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

### **EXPORTS**

- In California, exports totaled \$12.7 billion in January and \$166.2 billion over the past year, up 4.1 percent from the 12 months ending in January 2014 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- California exports over the past 12 months are up 13.0 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

### Housing

- Home prices in California increased by 7.7 percent from the fourth quarter of 2013 to the fourth quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 44.3 percent since their recent low in the third quarter of 2011 but remain 23.4 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in California totaled 83,550 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in February 2015, a decrease of 30.8 percent from January.
- Within the West census region, which includes California, sales of new single-family homes totaled 126,000 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in February 2015, a decrease of 6.0 percent from January. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 7.7 percent to 980,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from January to February 2015.

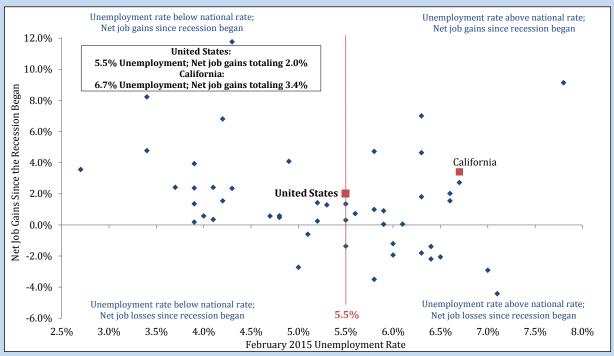
<sup>\*</sup> For California-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the California office: http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/

# How Does California Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of California to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in California, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.9% and net job gains totaling 30.2% since the start of the recession.

| STATE QUICK FACTS  |                 |            |                      |
|--|-----------------|------------|----------------------|
|  |                 | California | <b>United States</b> |
| Unemployment Rate  | . February 2015 | 6.7%       | 5.5%                 |
|  | February 2014   | 8.0%       | 6.7%                 |
|  | February 2013   | 9.3%       | 7.7%                 |
|  | February 2012   | 10.8%      | 8.3%                 |
| Percent of Population Who Are Veterans                         | . 2014          | 6.3%       | 8.9%                 |
| All Veterans' Unemployment Rate                                | 2014            | 7.4%       | 5.3%                 |
| Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate                          | . 2014          | 10.1%      | 7.2%                 |
| Median Household Income (2013 \$)                              | . 2013          | \$ 57,528  | \$ 51,939            |
| (CPS Annual Social and Economic Supplement)                    | 2007            | \$ 62,616  | \$ 56,436            |
| Poverty Rate   | . 2013          | 14.9%      | 14.5%                |
| (CPS Annual Social and Economic Supplement)                    | 2007            | 12.7%      | 12.5%                |
| Percentage Without Health Insurance(American Community Survey) | . 2013          | 17.2%      | 14.5%                |