JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE RANKING DEMOCRAT CAROLYN B. MALONEY

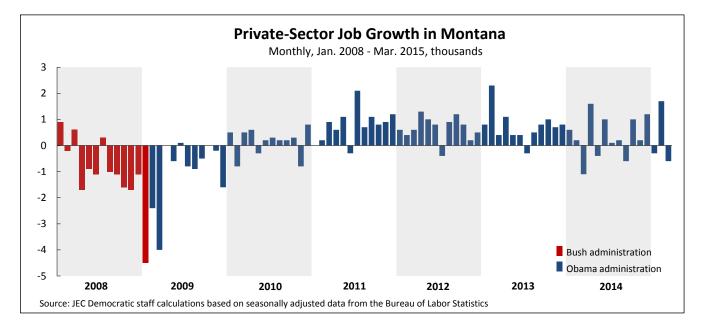


ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: MONTANA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through March 2015

<u>Jobs</u>

- In March, private-sector employment in Montana fell by 600 jobs. Over the past year, Montana businesses have added 5,100 jobs. This compares with an increase of 5,100 jobs over the 12 months through March 2014.
- Since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment, Montana businesses have added 32,900 jobs (an increase of 9.8 percent). Nationally, private payrolls have increased by 11.3 percent over this time.
- The state sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: mining and logging at 28.2 percent (2,000 jobs), financial activities at 22.1 percent (4,700 jobs) and construction at 12.9 percent (2,900 jobs).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Montana was 4.1 percent in March 2015, down 0.2 percentage point from February. The rate was 1.4 percentage points below the national rate of 5.5 percent.
- Unemployment is down 0.7 percentage point from one year earlier and is 3.3 percentage points below its recent peak of 7.4 percent in April 2010.
- There were 21,700 Montana residents unemployed in March 2015.

EARNINGS

- In March 2015, average weekly earnings of private-sector workers in Montana were \$705.79. Average hourly earnings were \$21.65, and the average workweek was 32.6 hours.
- Adjusting for inflation, state average weekly earnings have risen by 1.3 percent over the past year. Real hourly earnings have increased by 1.9 percent, and the length of the average workweek has gone down 0.2 hour. Nationally, real average weekly earnings have increased by 2.3 percent over the past year.

STATE QUICK FACTS			
		Montana	United States
Private-Sector Jobs Added	Past 12 Months	5,100	3.1 million
	Since Feb. 2010	32,900	12.1 million
Unemployment Rate	. March 2015	4.1%	5.5%
	March 2014	4.8%	6.6%
	Recession-Era Peak	7.4%	10.0%
Median Household Income (2013 \$)	2013	\$44,100	\$51,900
	2007 (Pre-Recession)	\$49,000	\$56,400
Poverty Rate	. 2013	14.5%	14.5%
	2007 (Pre-Recession)	13.0%	12.5%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2014	5.8%	5.3%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2014	3.8%	7.2%
Percentage Without Health Insurance	. 2013	16.5%	14.5%

STATE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

- Real gross domestic product (GDP) in Montana grew by 3.0 percent in 2013 (the most recent year for which data are available), above the national average growth rate of 1.8 percent.*
- Since 2009, annual Montana GDP growth has averaged 2.8 percent, compared with a national average annual growth rate of 2.0 percent.

HOUSING

- Home prices in Montana increased by 3.9 percent from the fourth quarter of 2013 to the fourth quarter of 2014. They are up 19.3 percent since their recent low in the first quarter of 2011.
- In February 2015, builders in Montana broke ground on 2,970 new housing units (seasonally adjusted annual rate), bringing the average over the past 12 months to 3,471 units. That marks a decrease of 2.7 percent from the average over the prior 12 months.

EXPORTS

- In Montana, goods exports totaled \$108 million in February and \$1.5 billion over the past year, up 4.3 percent from the 12 months ending in February 2014 (inflation-adjusted).
- Exports over the past 12 months are up 32.9 percent from their level in 2009 (inflation-adjusted).

http://www.ourfactsyourfuture.org/cgi/databrowsing/?PAGEID=4&SUBID=190

^{*} Note: Because of methodological differences, total U.S. real GDP by state differs slightly from headline national GDP figures

^{**} A list of sources used to compile the Montana economic snapshot is available at: http://bit.ly/JEC-state-by-state-sources

^{***} For additional Montana-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Montana office: