

October 21, 2015

State Economic Snapshots

This monthly report provides a snapshot of the status of the economic recovery in each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia. This month's snapshots include state-level data on jobs, unemployment and earnings through September 2015. <u>Individual state reports can be accessed here.</u>

Highlights

- Private-sector employment increased in 20 states and the District of Columbia in September.
- The unemployment rate fell in 37 states and the District of Columbia.
- Average hourly earnings, adjusted for inflation, have increased in 46 states over the past year.

Private-Sector Job Gains

Private-sector employment increased in 20 states and the District of Columbia in September. The largest private-sector gains were seen in Texas (31,200), New York (11,400), Florida (8,700), Indiana (6,600) and North Carolina (6,300). On a percentage basis, the largest gains were in Delaware, South Carolina, Kansas, Alaska, Alabama, Texas and Indiana.

Over the past 12 months, 47 states and the District of Columbia gained private-sector jobs, with California (405,600), Florida (234,400), Texas (205,900), New York (126,100) and North Carolina (111,000) recording the largest increases. The largest percentage gains in private-sector employment during this period were in Utah (4.3 percent), South Carolina (3.7 percent), Florida (3.4 percent), North Carolina, Washington and Nevada (3.2 percent each). Nationally, in the past year, 2.6 million private-sector jobs were added, a 2.2 percent increase.

Unemployment

The unemployment rate declined in 37 states and the District of Columbia in September. The largest declines were in Missouri, Rhode Island, South Carolina and West Virginia (-0.3 percentage point each). Sixteen states had a decline of 0.2 percentage point. There was no change in seven states.

Over the past 12 months, 41 states and the District of Columbia reported declines in the unemployment rate. The largest declines were in Rhode Island (-1.8 percentage points), Michigan (-1.7 percentage points), California (-1.4 percentage points), Indiana (-1.3 percentage points), Maine and Mississippi (-1.2 percentage points each).

North Dakota had the lowest unemployment rate (2.8 percent) in September, followed by Nebraska (2.9 percent), Hawaii, New Hampshire (3.4 percent each) and South Dakota (3.5 percent). West Virginia (7.3 percent) had the highest unemployment rate, followed by New Mexico (6.8 percent), Nevada, the District of Columbia (6.7 percent each) and Alaska (6.4 percent). The national unemployment rate was 5.1 percent in September, down from 5.9 percent a year prior.

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Earnings

Average hourly earnings, adjusted for inflation, increased in 46 states over the past year. The largest earnings gains were posted in Delaware (6.0 percent), Nevada (5.9 percent), Nebraska (5.7 percent), Iowa (5.1 percent) and Connecticut (4.7 percent). Earnings declined in four states and the District of Columbia. Nationally, real average hourly earnings increased by 2.2 percent (not seasonally adjusted) in the past year. The District of Columbia (\$37.36) had the highest average hourly earnings in September, followed by Massachusetts (\$30.33), Connecticut (\$29.57), Washington (\$29.42) and New York (\$28.60).

Key Employment Sectors

Manufacturing

Manufacturing employment expanded in 18 states during September. The largest increases were in Missouri (3,000), Michigan (2,600), Georgia, Texas (2,100 each) and Kentucky (1,600). On a percentage basis, the largest gains were in Wyoming, Missouri, Colorado, Montana and Delaware.

Over the past 12 months, 28 states added manufacturing positions. On a percentage basis, the biggest gains South Dakota (4.9 percent), Michigan (4.7 percent), Idaho, Utah (4.1 percent each) and Oregon (3.7 percent). Across the country, 104,000 manufacturing positions have been added in the last 12 months, a 0.9 percent increase.

Construction

Construction employment increased in 23 states during September. The largest gains were reported in Florida (3,200), Louisiana (3,100), New Jersey (2,800), Texas (2,700) and California (2,100). The largest percentage gains during the month were in Alaska, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah and Louisiana.

In the past 12 months, 35 states and the District of Columbia added construction jobs. The greatest percentage gains over the past year were in Arkansas (16.1 percent), Alaska (11.2 percent), Kansas (9.5 percent), South Carolina (9.0 percent) and Nevada (8.8 percent). Nationally, over this period, construction employment increased by 205,000 positions, a 3.3 percent increase.

Professional and business services

Professional and business services employment increased in 22 states during September. The largest increases were posted in Texas (5,200), Kansas (3,600), New York (2,600), Louisiana and North Carolina (1,900 each). The largest percentage gains were in South Dakota, Kansas, Hawaii, Mississippi and Alaska.

In the past year, 41 states and the District of Columbia added jobs in professional and business services. The largest percentage gains were in California (5.3 percent), South Carolina (4.8 percent), Utah (4.4 percent), South Dakota (4.3 percent) and Massachusetts (4.1 percent). The U.S. economy overall has added 616,000 professional and business services jobs during this time, a 3.2 percent increase.

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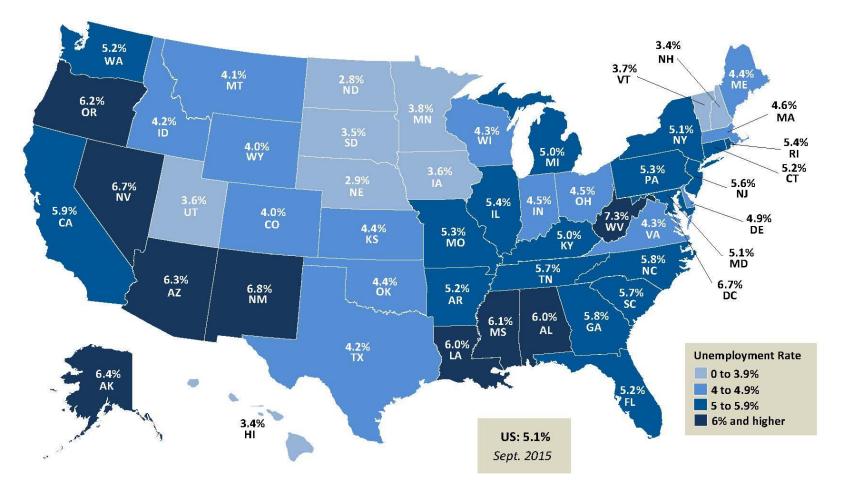
Unemployment Rate (September 2015)				
North Dakota	2.8%			
Nebraska	2.9%			
Hawaii	3.4%			
New Hampshire	3.4%			
South Dakota	3.5%			
Utah	3.6%			
lowa	3.6%			
Vermont	3.7%			
Minnesota	3.8%			
Wyoming	4.0%			
Colorado	4.0%			
Montana	4.1%			
Texas	4.2%			
ldaho	4.2%			
Wisconsin	4.3%			
Virginia	4.3%			
Maine	4.4%			
Oklahoma	4.4%			
Kansas	4.4%			
Indiana	4.5%			
Ohio	4.5%			
Massachusetts	4.6%			
Delaware	4.9%			
Michigan	5.0%			
Kentucky	5.0%			
Maryland	5.1%			
UNITED STATES	5.1%			
New York	5.1%			
Washington	5.2%			
Florida	5.2%			
Connecticut	5.2%			
Arkansas	5.2%			
Pennsylvania	5.3%			
Missouri	5.3%			
Rhode Island	5.4%			
Illinois	5.4%			
New Jersey	5.6%			
Tennessee	5.7%			
South Carolina	5.7%			
North Carolina	5.8%			
	5.8%			
Georgia				
California	5.9%			
California Louisiana	5.9% 6.0%			
California Louisiana Alabama	5.9% 6.0% 6.0%			
California Louisiana	5.9% 6.0% 6.0% 6.1%			
California Louisiana Alabama Mississippi Oregon	5.9% 6.0% 6.0% 6.1% 6.2%			
California Louisiana Alabama Mississippi	5.9% 6.0% 6.1% 6.2% 6.3%			
California Louisiana Alabama Mississippi Oregon Arizona Alaska	5.9% 6.0% 6.0% 6.1% 6.2% 6.3% 6.4%			
California Louisiana Alabama Mississippi Oregon Arizona Alaska Nevada	5.9% 6.0% 6.0% 6.1% 6.2% 6.3% 6.4% 6.7%			
California Louisiana Alabama Mississippi Oregon Arizona Alaska Nevada District of Columbia	5.9% 6.0% 6.1% 6.2% 6.3% 6.4% 6.7% 6.7%			
California Louisiana Alabama Mississippi Oregon Arizona Alaska Nevada	5.9% 6.0% 6.0% 6.1% 6.2% 6.3% 6.4% 6.7%			

Job Growth in America: Change in Private-Sector Jobs					
	Since Before Recession		Under President Obama		
Data through September 2015	(December 2007)		(January 2009)		
	Percentage	Net Jobs	Percentage	Net Jobs	
UNITED STATES	3.8%	4,368,000	8.0%	8,944,000	
Alabama	-3.6%	-58,800	2.0%	31,400	
Alaska	7.9%	18,700	7.4%	17,500	
Arizona	-1.4%	-30,800	6.3%	132,300	
Arkansas	0.6%	5,700	3.3%	32,300	
California	6.4%	824,700	11.9%	1,456,100	
Colorado	6.9%	136,200	10.0%	191,200	
Connecticut	0.0%	100,200	2.9%	41,400	
Delaware	0.5%	1,900	4.9%	17,700	
District of Columbia	13.6%	63,600	13.1%	61,200	
Florida	3.5%	238,100	11.8%	744,700	
Georgia	3.1%	107,000	8.9%	291,100	
Hawaii	1.3%	6,700	7.2%	34,500	
ldaho	2.8%	15,300	9.7%	48,900	
Illinois	-1.1%	-57,600	2.7%	132,800	
Indiana	2.4%	61,900	8.4%	202,400	
lowa	3.2%	41,300	5.3%	66,700	
Kansas	1.9%	21,500	2.9%	32,600	
Kentucky	1.4%	22,200	6.1%	90,100	
Louisiana	5.9%	92,200	6.6%	102,600	
Maine	-1.1%	-5,600	2.0%	9,800	
Maryland	1.2%	26,200	4.5%	91,900	
Massachusetts	5.3%	152,800	7.9%	221,900	
Michigan	2.3%	81,300	11.4%	377,100	
Minnesota	3.6%	84,000	6.4%	146,800	
Mississippi	-3.4%	-30,900	1.4%	12,100	
Missouri	-1.3%	-30,600	1.6%	35,700	
Montana	2.6%	9,300	6.5%	22,400	
Nebraska	2.8%	22,200	3.9%	31,200	
Nevada	-2.4%	-27,300	6.6%	68,800	
New Hampshire	1.7%	9,500	4.2%	23,000	
New Jersey	-1.3%	-44,000	2.6%	84,600	
New Mexico	-2.7%	-17,500	0.8%	4,800	
New York	7.6%	555,700	9.5%	675,500	
North Carolina	2.6%	90,100	8.5%	277,600	
North Dakota	31.7%	90,800	30.2%	87,500	
Ohio	0.3%	13,800	5.2%	229,100	
Oklahoma	3.1%	39,800	4.2%	53,200	
Oregon	2.1%	30,200	8.7%	118,500	
Pennsylvania	1.5%	74,300	3.8%	188,200	
Rhode Island	-0.4%	-1,500	4.2%	17,000	
South Carolina	3.6%	57,100	9.9%	149,700	
South Dakota	6.0%	19,800	6.1%	20,300	
Tennessee	2.9%	68,800	8.5%	191,300	
Texas	13.9%	1,219,400	14.6%	1,273,300	
Utah	9.1%	96,200	14.7%	147,900	
Vermont	0.5%	1,400	3.6%	8,900	
Virginia	0.5%	14,400	3.3%	98,500	
Washington	6.5%	159,700	9.8%	233,000	
West Virginia	-2.9%	-17,600	-1.9%	-11,800	
Wisconsin	0.8%	20,200	4.0%	95,100	
Wyoming	-3.3%	-7,500	-2.9%	-6,600	
vvyoning	0.070	7,000	2.070	0,000	

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Current Unemployment Rates Across States

September 2015 (Released October 20th)



Source: JEC Democratic staff based on data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (state data update next on November 20, 2015)

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