

Representative David Schweikert, Chairman





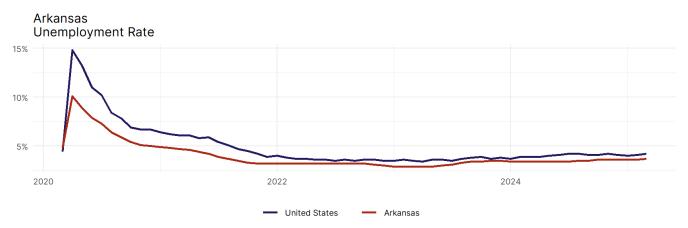
March 2025 | Released April 18, 2025

United States Employment Snapshot

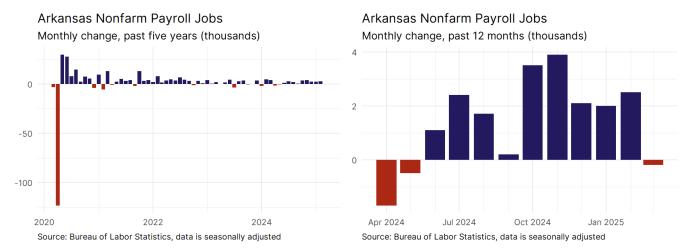
- In March, among the 50 states and the District of Columbia unemployment fell in 15, rose in 17, and remained unchanged in 19.
- The highest unemployment rate was 5.7 percent in **Nevada**, and the lowest was 1.8 percent in **South Dakota**. Nationally, the unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 4.2 percent.
- In March, payroll jobs rose in 38 states and fell in 12. The largest payroll job percent increase was 0.5 percent in **Missouri**. The largest payroll job percent decline was 0.3 percent in **Connecticut**.

Arkansas Employment Snapshot

- In March, Arkansas lost 200 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 3.7 percent. In the prior month, Arkansas added 2,500 net payroll jobs.
- Over the past 12 months, Arkansas added 17,000 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.3
 percentage points from 3.4 percent.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls rose by 228,000 in March, or 0.1 percent. Arkansas is tied for 12th in the nation for
 percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- In March, **Arkansas's private sector lost 200 net private payroll jobs**, and over the past 12 months it added 16,700 private payroll jobs. In the prior month, Arkansas added 2,200 net private payroll jobs.
- In March, employment in Arkansas fell by 242, and over the past 12 months it rose by 15,686.
- Arkansas's labor force participation rate remained steady at 58.4 percent in March and is tied for 43rd in the nation. In the past 12 months, the labor force participation rate has risen by 0.4 percentage points.

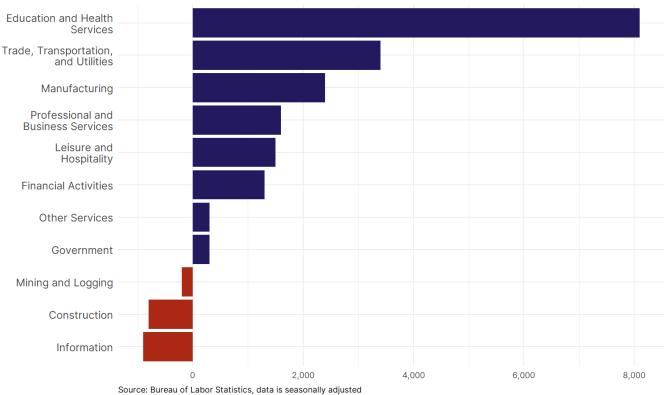


Arkansas Payroll Employment



- Arkansas lost 200 net payroll jobs, or 0 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during March. In the prior month,
 Arkansas added 2,500 jobs. Arkansas nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls **rose by 228,000 in March, or 0.1 percent.** Arkansas is tied for 12th in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- Arkansas lost 200 private sector jobs, or 0 percent. on a seasonally adjusted basis during March. In the prior month, Arkansas added 2,200 jobs. Arkansas private sector payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.
- Nationally, private sector payroll jobs **rose by 209,000 jobs in March, or 0.2 percent.** Arkansas is tied for 7th in the nation for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.





- The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during March were **Education and Health Services** (1,300) and **Manufacturing** (1,200).
- The poorest performing sectors during the month were **Information (-400)** and **Professional and Business Services (-2,100)**.
- The best performing sectors during the last 12 months were **Education and Health Services (8,100)** and **Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (3,400)**.
- The poorest performing sectors during the last 12 months were Construction (-800) and Information (-900).

Arkansas Labor Force

The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

- The labor force participation rate in Arkansas remained unchanged at 58.4 percent in March.
- Arkansas is tied for 43rd in the nation.
- The 10-year high for the labor force participation rate in Arkansas was **58.6 percent** in March 2020, and the 10-year low was **56.4 percent** in August 2021.
- The national labor force participation rate rose by 0.1 percentage points to 62.5 percent in March.

