

Representative David Schweikert, Chairman





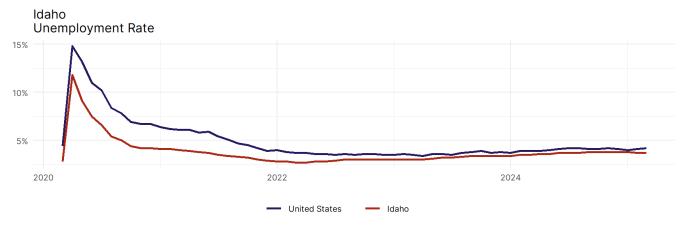
### March 2025 | Released April 18, 2025

# **United States** Employment Snapshot

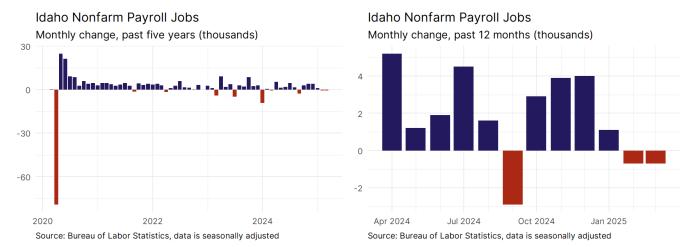
- In March, among the 50 states and the District of Columbia unemployment fell in 15, rose in 17, and remained unchanged in 19.
- The highest unemployment rate was 5.7 percent in **Nevada**, and the lowest was 1.8 percent in **South Dakota**. Nationally, the unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 4.2 percent.
- In March, payroll jobs rose in 38 states and fell in 12. The largest payroll job percent increase was 0.5 percent in **Missouri**. The largest payroll job percent decline was 0.3 percent in **Connecticut**.

## **Idaho** Employment Snapshot

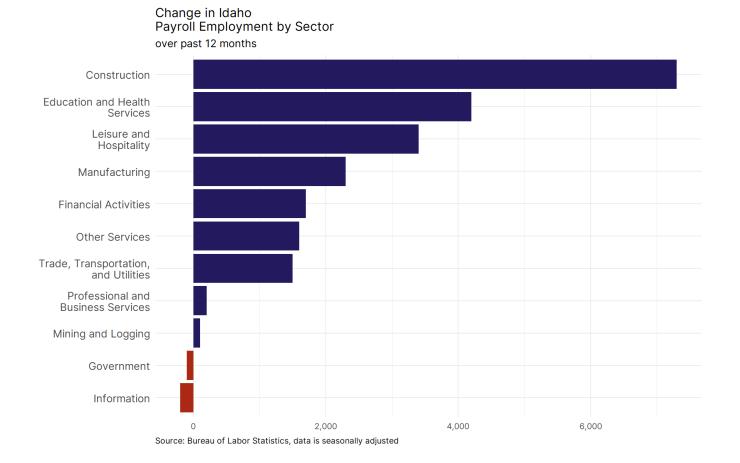
- In March, Idaho lost 700 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate remained unchanged at 3.7 percent. In the prior month, Idaho lost 700 net payroll jobs.
- Over the past 12 months, Idaho added 22,000 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.2 percentage points from 3.5 percent.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls **rose by 228,000 in March, or 0.1 percent.** Idaho **ranks 1st** in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- In March, **Idaho's private sector lost 1,100 net private payroll jobs**, and over the past 12 months it added 22,100 private payroll jobs. In the prior month, Idaho added 400 net private payroll jobs.
- In March, employment in Idaho fell by 339, and over the past 12 months it rose by 14,326.
- Idaho's labor force participation rate fell to 63.7 percent in March from 63.8 percent and is tied for 22nd in the nation. In the past 12 months, the labor force participation rate has fallen by 0.1 percentage points.



#### **Idaho Payroll Employment**



- Idaho lost 700 net payroll jobs, or -0.1 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during March. In the prior month, Idaho lost 700 jobs. Idaho nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls **rose by 228,000 in March, or 0.1 percent.** Idaho ranks 1st in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- Idaho lost 1,100 private sector jobs, or -0.1 percent. on a seasonally adjusted basis during March. In the prior month, Idaho added 400 jobs. Idaho private sector payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.
- Nationally, private sector payroll jobs **rose by 209,000 jobs in March, or 0.2 percent.** Idaho ranks 1st in the nation for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.

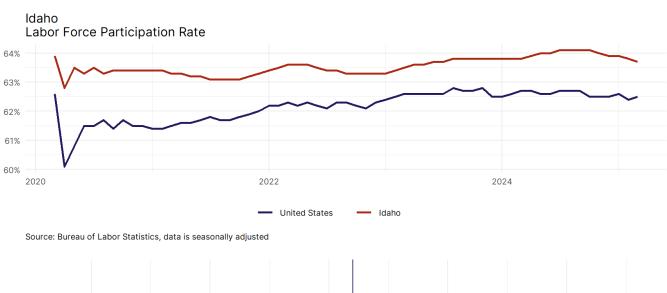


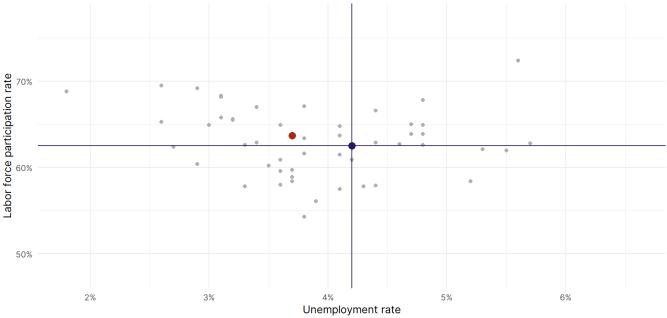
- The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during March were **Other Services (600)** and **Professional and Business Services (500)**.
- The poorest performing sectors during the month were **Information (-100)** and **Education and Health Services (-2,900)**.
- The best performing sectors during the last 12 months were Construction (7,300) and Education and Health Services (4,200).
- The poorest performing sectors during the last 12 months were Government (-100) and Information (-200).

#### **Idaho Labor Force**

The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

- The labor force participation rate in Idaho fell to 63.7 percent in March from 63.8 percent in the prior month.
- Idaho is tied for 22nd in the nation.
- The 10-year high for the labor force participation rate in Idaho was **64.5 percent** occurring in December 2019, and the 10-year low was **62.8 percent** in April 2020.
- The national labor force participation rate rose by 0.1 percentage points to 62.5 percent in March.





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, data is seasonally adjusted