

Representative David Schweikert, Chairman







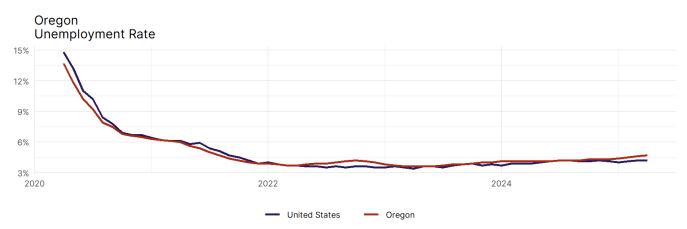
April 2025 | Released May 21, 2025

United States Employment Snapshot

- In April, among the 50 states and the District of Columbia **unemployment fell in 5, rose in 20, and remained unchanged in 26.**
- The highest unemployment rate was 5.8 percent in **District of Columbia**, and the lowest was 1.8 percent in **South Dakota**. Nationally, the unemployment rate remained unchanged in April.
- In April, **payroll jobs rose in 40 states and fell in 11.** The largest payroll job percent increase was 0.4 percent in **Mississippi**. The largest payroll job percent decline was 0.2 percent in **Vermont**.

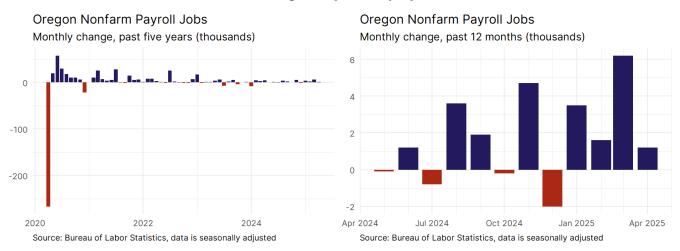
Oregon Employment Snapshot

- In April, Oregon added 1,200 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 4.7 percent. In the prior month, Oregon added 6,200 net payroll jobs.
- Over the past 12 months, Oregon added 20,800 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.6 percentage points from 4.1 percent.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls **rose by 177,000 in April, or 0.1 percent.** Oregon **is tied for 23rd** in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- In April, **Oregon's private sector added 1,600 net private payroll jobs**, and over the past 12 months it added 14,300 private payroll jobs. In the prior month, Oregon added 6,400 net private payroll jobs.
- In April, employment in Oregon fell by 1,337, and over the past 12 months it rose by 2,268.
- Oregon's labor force participation rate remained steady at 62.7 percent in April and is tied for 26th in the nation. In the past 12 months, the labor force participation rate has risen by 0.1 percentage points.

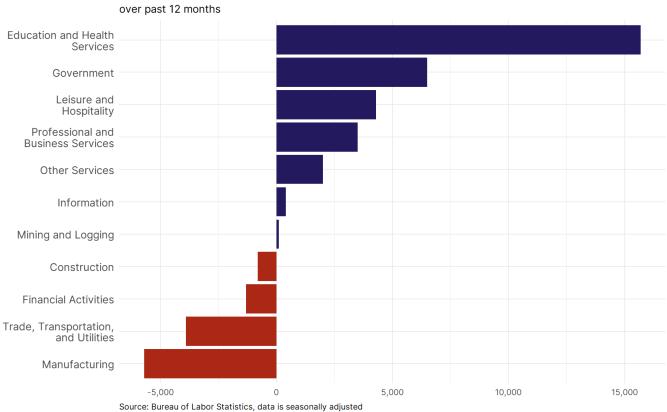


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, data is seasonally adjusted

Oregon Payroll Employment



- Oregon added 1,200 net payroll jobs, or 0.1 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during April. In the prior month, Oregon added 6,200 jobs. Oregon nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 8 of the past 12 months.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls **rose by 177,000 in April, or 0.1 percent.** Oregon is tied for 23rd in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- Oregon added 1,600 private sector jobs, or 0.1 percent. on a seasonally adjusted basis during April. In the prior month, Oregon added 6,400 jobs. Oregon private sector payroll employment has increased in 7 of the past 12 months.
- Nationally, private sector payroll jobs **rose by 167,000 jobs in April, or 0.1 percent.** Oregon is tied for 22nd in the nation for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.



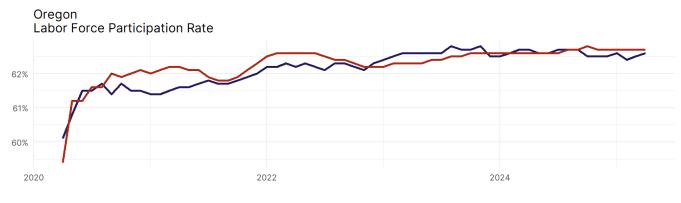
Change in Oregon Payroll Employment by Sector

- The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during April were Leisure and Hospitality (3,300) and Professional and Business Services (900).
- The poorest performing sectors during the month were **Other Services (-600)** and **Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (-1,600)**.
- The best performing sectors during the last 12 months were **Education and Health Services (15,700)** and **Government (6,500)**.
- The poorest performing sectors during the last 12 months were **Trade**, **Transportation**, and **Utilities** (-3,900) and **Manufacturing** (-5,700).

Oregon Labor Force

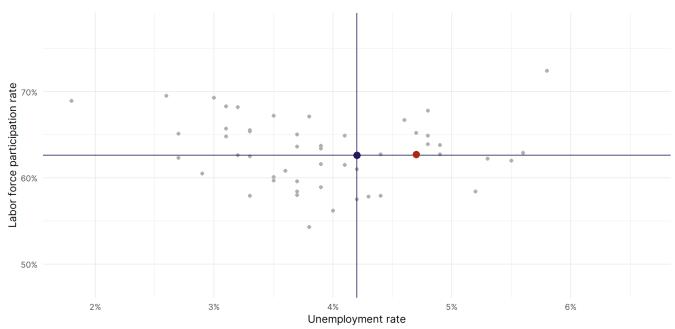
The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

- The labor force participation rate in Oregon remained unchanged at 62.7 percent in April.
- Oregon is tied for 26th in the nation.
- The 10-year high for the labor force participation rate in Oregon was **62.8 percent** in October 2024, and the 10-year low was **59.4 percent** in April 2020.
- The national labor force participation rate rose by 0.1 percentage points to 62.6 percent in April.









Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, data is seasonally adjusted